The Mercury.

-- PUBLISHED BY-

THE MERCURY PUBLISHING CO.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor.

182 THAMES STREET.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its east standard and farty-seventh year. It is the oldest inexpepter in the Union, and, with least liam half a duzen exceptions, the oldest liam half a duzen exception of ferty-eight columns filled with interesting reading-editorial. State, local and general news, well selected misceliany and valuable farmers and houshold departments. Reaching so many households in this and other states, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

n. 5: \$2.00 a year in advance. Single a wrappers, 5 cents. Extra copies can be obtained at the office of publication he various news rooms in the city.

Local Matters.

William Ellery Chapter.

The annual meeting of William Ellery Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, was held on Tuesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Jenckes on Washington street. There was a good attendance at the meeting. The various reports showed the society to be in a flourishing condition. The following officers were elect-

uun. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:
Regent-Mrs. Kate Burlingbarn.
Vice Regent-Mrs. Chara A. Pluniger.
Secretary-Miss Shan W. Swinburne.
Assistant Secretary-Miss Etta M. Peckham.
Treasurer-Mrs. Archibald I. Sayer.
Historian-Miss Etta M. Filey.
Rogistra-Miss Etta hurling M. Sievens.
Auditor-Mrs. Abby B. Tanner.
Executive Board-Miss Susan P. Swinburne,
Mrs. Issbella H. Sanborn, Mrs. Mary M. S.
Robinson, Mrs. Hattle F. Goffe, Mrs. Eliza A.
Kaull.

Rouling of the Matter Votes and Rizza A. Kaulf.
Enterthin Ent Committee—Mrs. Haitle F.
Goffe, Mrs. Sarah T. Landers, Mrs. Marthn U.
Peckham, Mrs. Eliza S. Stewart, Mrs. Minnle
C. Barker.
Program Committee—Mrs. Eliza A. Kaul,
Mrs. Sarah D. Sayer, Miss Mary E. Nichols.
Committe on Examination of Prize Essays—Mrs. Annie M. Beyvant. Miss Elin M.
Peckham, Mrs. Flora A. Chang.
Nominating Cammittee—Miss Susan P.
Swinburne, Mrs. Sarah P. Landers, Miss Jula F. Pitman.

The members of Coronet Council, No-

63, Royal Arcanum, paid a visit to Pawtucket Council on Thursday evening to make the first delivery of the crown. The party left Newport at 6:30 by special electrics on the Newport and Providence road and returned the same way. The council turned out in large numbers and had a most enjoyable fraternal visit. Past Grand Regent R. S. Franklin of this city presented the crown with a neat speech, and it was received by Clothius H. Bowen of the executive committee of the Supreme Council of the order. A banquet was served and addresses were made by several, including A. K. McMahon, R. 8. Franklin and Overton G. Langley of this city.

The special committee on the Jewish Synagogue matters gave a hearing at the city ball Thursday evening on the petition of some members of the cougregation for a return to the old method of managing the affairs of the Synagogue and its funds. It did not develop at the hearing that there was any serious difficulty and it is probable that the difficulty can be amicably adjusted without serious trouble.

The local Democrats have, organized a Parker and Davis Club with Cal-Samuel R. Honey as president and enough vice presidents to carry an election in a country town. A Parker and Davis marching club has also been er ganized and there will be a flag raising next Monday night on Washington Square,

Newport Aerie of Engles went to Ceutral Falls on Thursday evening by a special train, accompanied by the Newport Band. About 200 members of the local order went on the trip returning at an early hour Friday morning.

Mr. Myers, who has been trying to engineer the hotel project has sent word from New York, that the project is now assured. He stated that the illness of one of his backers had caused

Mr. Stephen T. Goddard, whose son, Mr. Archie C. Goddard, is at Pine Ridge Camp, has presented the camp with a nice bunting flag 8x12 feet.

Miss Heien Brown has returned to Boston, where she is taking a course in Miss Symonds' kindergarten training

Misses Lulu Blair and Lottle A. Tripp, employees of THE MERCURY, paid a visit to Boston on Saturday

Mr. Raymond Thus speat Sunday last in Newport with relatives. Mr. Titus is a student at Harvard Universi-

Mr. William E. Brightman was in Providence on Tuesday. He attended the funeral of Henry B. Metcalf.

Political Events.

Political affairs in Newport have begun to warm up somewhat in the past week and bid fair to be yet more strengous in the days to come. There have been political railles by both parties and more to come. The nominations, or some of them, have been made and next week will see all the names in the field. Then the battle will be on in earnest. The Republicans are going to put up a hot fight for the drayorality and members of the General Ameribly this year and are hopeful of success. It is felt that the election of Mr. Utter and the State ticket generally is assured and if the Republicans can carry the city of Newport the victory will be complete.

On Monday evening there were two events in the local political field the Republican city convention at the Court House and the rally at the Opera House. The convention was very quiet and decidedly harmonious. The meeting was called to order by Thomas B. Congdon, and Earl P. Mason was chosen chairman and Mr. Congdon secretary. Delegates were elected to the Republican State Convention and to the First Congressional Dietrict Convention, William G. Landers was elected a member of the State Central Committee. It was decided not to nominate senator and representatives at this time, so a recess was taken subject to the call of the chair. A committee to prepare a list of candidates was appointed, consisting of Robert Kerr, Edward S. Landers, Earl P. Mason, William F. Adams, and James Mc-Leish.

The rally at the Opera House was preceded by a flag raising when a large banner bearing pictures of Roosevelt and Fairbanks was thrown to the breeze from the beadquarters in Bryer's Exchange. The Middletown Cavalcade turned out in uniform and escorted United States Attorney General Moody from the One Mile Corner to the flag raising and thence to the Opera House, while the local regiment with their uniforms fell in behind. Seated on the platform of the Opera House were many of the prominent Republicans of the city and county, and several prominent members of the party from out of the city were resent as guests of ex-Congressman Bull. Hon. George Peabody Wetmore, United States Sepator from Rhode Island, presided at the meeting, and introduced the speakers.

Mr. Moody was the first speaker and gave a very interesting talk upon the national issues in the campaign. He took up some of the objections that the Democrate bring forward to the administration and showed how they erred. He showed how all the great events in the recent history of the nation had been accomplished by the Republican party and that the other had been the party of obstruction.

Col. Daniel R. Ballon gave an interesting talk, touching apon the great fudustries of the country and their necessities. He showed that while Parker might be a good man by himself, the company that he keeps, politically, is against him. The third and last speaker was Dr. William Potts George of Missouri, who kept his audience in a cheery spirit throughout his address. He was an interesting and entertaining speaker, pointing out the faibles of the opposition in a manner which not only made them apparent but ridiculous.

The attendance at the rally was large and apparently took a great interest in the speeches. Other rallies will be held inter on and the regiment will soon turn out in uniform.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Hunter entertained a small party of young people on Wedne-day, in honor of their daughter, Miss Edith Norman Hunter, who celebrated the ninth anniversary of her birth.

The vacancy of governor of the Newport Reading Room, caused by the resignation of Mr. James A. Swau, has been filled by the election of Hon. Daniel B. Fearing.

Mr. William E. Brightman of this city will be the caudidate for Governor on the ticket of the Prohibition party, in place of the late Henry B. Metcalf.

On Wednesday ex-Commodore and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry sailed from New York on Steamer Rotterdam for Boulogne.

Mr. John H. Stoddard of Brooklyn is in this city on a visit to his mother, Mrs. John C. Steddard, on Poplar street.

On account of the severe storm Wednesday evening, the steamer General omitted her two late trips.

Mr. Daniel Austin on Monday celebrated the eighty-rixth anniversary of his birth.

It is expected that the firemen witi realize about \$800 from their recent

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. Lawton are

Features of Peace Congress.

The Thirteenth International Peace Congress which held its sessions last week in Boston was a remarkable gathering. Following the Interparliamentary Union which met at St. Louis it marks a great step forward in the permanent establishment of arbitration. "Cosmic patriotista" was the key note. Nothing could be more up-lifting. It'recognizes that the sky over our head is the roof of a common family. It began with the noble address of John Hay. It was understood that he spoke not alone for himself but for the government. It had received the imprimatur of the President. It was read that day in the streets of San Francisco and New Orleans, and discussed the next in the cafes of Cairo and Constantinopie.

One of the marked personalities of the Congress was Charles Wagner, apostle of the simple life. Coming to this country on the invitation of Mr. Roosevelt, he called on President Loubet and brought his greetings. He talked enthusiastically of our Presideut. After a night in the White House he said to me: "I found him a man, not only a man of big brain but of big heart. There is no statesman who is so admired and beloved among the people of Europe. I can speak especially for France and Germany." Mr. Wagner is an Alsatian, transferred to Pans in early life.

Perhaps the Baroness you Suttner attracted most attention. Her book Die Waffen Nieder (Ground Arms!) has been translated into every language of Europe. It inspired the Czar in his effort for disarmament. Lauding on Monday; she took the night train from New York and was on the platform of Tremont Temple early on Tuesday morning. Her very appearance won the audience. She spoke in charming English, then in French; her mother tongue is German as she belongs to the Austrian nobility.

There was present a large group from the English House of Commons, members of the French, Belgian, Austria. and Italian Deputies, and leaders of

thought and action from every land. A marked man was W. R. Cremer, originally sent to the House of Commensus a working man. He took the Nobel prize of \$40,000 for an essay on Peace and turned the whole amount over to the movement, the gift of a poor mun. He is the originator of the Inter-parliamentary Union. The wamen's needing in Park street, at which Jane Addams spoke and the working men's meeting in Fanculi Hall were notable events.

The Congress is working an scientific and economic lines. It has passed the stage of sentiment. The leaders feel that the battle for arbitration has been won. The establishment of the Hague court, a permanent tribunal for the settlement of international difficulties, to be among the nations what the supreme court is among our States, is an accomplished fact. Nearly all the nations have signed treaties agreeing to submit their difficulties to this court. Mr. Carnegie has given one and a balf million dollars for a Temple of Peace at the Hague. A World's Congress meeting annually and not simply advisory but evoking a body of international law seems no longer a dream. And then gradual proportionate disarmament, in which Chile and Argentina have already taken the lead. They were on the verge of a war over a houndary dispute. They submitted the question to arbitration, and then began disarmament. Chile has spent on roads ten millions received from the sale of battleships, and has turned au arsenal into a trade school. On the Andes boundary line was erected last March, in place of a fort, a collossat

J. T. BECKLEY, D. D.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals

C. H. Wrightington has sold for Louise Pinard to James T. and Eliza B. Barker a lot of land contaming 2,-500 equare feet on Homer street.

Wm. E. Brightman has rented to Mrs. C. V. Ballock the lower tenement at 510 Thanses street, belonging to P.

H. Horgan.

Wm. E. Brightman has rented for Frant & Wilsker their lower tenement, Wm. E. Brightman has rented to Joseph K. Allen the cottage, corner Channing court and Warner street, belonging to William Shepley.

A. O'D. Taylor has effected the following the court and the court

lowing four rentals; Lower half of No. lowing four rentals; Lower half of No. 29 Green street, for George C. Williams, to W. Murley Mille; cottage on Thurston avenue, for Mrs. E. G. Brown, to Louis W. Merritt; premises No. 8 Prison street, for Builders and Merchatons' Exchange, to Frederick G. Farmer; and lower half of No. 52 Powel avenue, for Miss. Mary. E. Barlow, to Lewis J. Norton of the U.S. N. Pay Office.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh N. Willoughby have closed their Newport cottage and gone to Philadelphia for the winter.

Steamer Pilgrim is receiving her aumust overhauling at the Old Colony re-

School Committee.

The regular monthly meeting of the school committee was held on Monday evening, Dr. Barker, the chairman. presiding Superintendent Lull read his report, from which the following extracts are given:

The total enrolment S-piember 30 was 3,508, the average number b longing was 3,359.1, the average number attending was 3,222.1, the per cent of attendance was 95.6, the cases of artifices 232, and the cases of dismissai 100. In the Townsend Industrial School 998 outils are enrolled.

attendance was 95.6, the cases of tardiness 232, and the cases of dismessal 100. In the Townsend Industrial School 98 pupils are enrolled.

During the month 420 permits have been issued to children who have never attended the public schools of Newport. These pupils if seated in one building would more than fill nine rooms of 45 children each. Luckily for this department, but not for the pupils, many have reached the age at which this state permits them to go to work, and others have moved from this city.

To the pupils of the Hazard Memorial School and of the 81, Mary's Parochial School have been issued 70 permits for cooking or sewing, or for both. Two divisions in each subject have been formed, which meet Wednesday and Thursday afternoons at 4 o'clock in the Townsend Industrial School.

The totals by grades in the Rogers High School are as follows: Grade X, 155; grade XI, 100; grade XII, 55; grade XIII, 31; specials, 10. Of these 62 of grade X and 20 of grade XI are seated in the Townsend.

in the Townsend.

The new Rogers is progressing fav-

The new Rogers is progressing fav-orably, although to those who have seen the need of the building for four years it seems to grow slowly. If the autumn and early winter permit brick-laying so that the building may be rocled, there is a possibility of its com-pletion September 11, 1905. The Board of Health has reported seven cases of contagious disease since September 1. Of these three were due to diphtherm and four to scarlet fever. Three deaths of pupils have occurred

to diphtherna and rour to scarter coro-Three deaths of pupils have occurred since the opening of school, but the pupils had not attended since last June.

The Teachers' Retirement Fund now amounts to \$12,096. The sudden increase of \$1,300 is due to the efforts and the personal resources of a member of this board. The total is now so large that the annual interest and the pay-ments by the teachers will cause a year-ly increase of a little more than \$1,000 but the \$20,000 resolutions. but the \$30,000 needed for a safe use of the funds should be in hand this very

year.

The financial report for the first nine mouths of this year is as follows: Receipts, \$10.6.017.03; expenditures, \$84.575.51; balance, \$22.011.52. The large draft for September was due to the payment of the contract prices for books and the annual report, and also for the accumulated repair bills of the summer.

The report of Truant Officer Topham contained the following:

Number of cases investigated (reported by te others), 275; number of cases of trainey (public, 20; parochial, 5),25; number out for illness and other carses, 250; number of different children traines, 22; number of out out attending echools, Thumber sent to pathic schools, 9; number sent to pathic schools, 9; number of regular labor certificates issued, 21. During the past month two boys whom I had on probation, one an ballitude transit than the pathic schools. bays whom I had on probation, one an babitual truant, the other an habitual babitual truant, the other an habitual school offender, were sentenced to the Sockanosset School, the truant for three years for truancy, the offender during minority for other causes.

I recommend the prosecution of William Dunleavy, who is an habitual truant.

In accordance with recommendations of the committee on evening schools it was voted that the evening schools be opened on Monday, November 14, and continue 18 weeks. The teachers in the elementary schools are to be Harry Alger, Jeannette H. Swasey, Mary L. Brayton, Mary A. E. Adams, Lillian J. Trager, Elizabeth B. Peckham, and of these Mr. Alger will receive \$9 per week, Miss Swasey \$6, and the rest \$5. There will also be evening classes in mechanical drawing by Dudley E. Campbell, book keeping by William S. Brownell, cooking by Miss M. G. Buckley, free hand drawing by Miss L. E. French, and in stenography and typewriting if a suitable teacher can be procured.

It was voted to purchase some necessar, apparatus for the Townsend Industrial School at a cost of \$202.43 to be paid for from the Townsend fund. An extra appropriation of \$1600 was given to the committee on buildings to pay for inetalling some new boilers to replace those that had given out. A resolution was passed requesting the city council to transfer an unexpended balance of \$52.67 from the appropriation for the Townsend Industrial School to the school department

Mrs. Margaret Chauler tendered her resignation as a member of the school committee, stating that her absence from Newport made it impossible for her to attend the meetings or do her, share of the work. The resignation was referred to the city council in order that that body may take the proper steps to secure the election of a member to fill the vacancy at the coming election.

Mrs. Timothy Peckham has returned from an extended visit to East Green-

Mr. and Mrs. Martin E. Bennett are enjoying a visit to the St. Louis Expo-

Mrs. E. E. Blair of this city has gone to New London on an extended visit.

Wedding Bells.

Chase-Coggeshall,

Miss Clara Coggeshall, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Coggeshall, of Middletown, was married to Mr. Harold R. Chase, son of Mr. and Mrs. James R. Chase of Middletown, the ceremony taking place at the home of the bride's parents on Greene's Lane Wednesday afternoon. The house was prettily decorated for the occasion, the marriage eing performed under a bower of white dahlias and asparagus fern. Rev. Aiten Jacobs, rector of St. Mary's Episcopal Church, officiated.

The bride was dressed in white organdie, with a long veil, and carried a bouquet of Bride roses. Miss Charlotte A. Chase, sister of the groom, was maid of honor. She were a dress of pale blue lansdowne, trimmed with lace, and carried a shower bouquet of white

Miss Allie Coggeshall, niece of the bride, was flower girl, and she looked very sweet in a dress of white, carrying a bouquet of sweet peas. Mr. Alton F. Coggeshall, the bride's bro.h.r.performed the duties of best man, and the ushers were Messis, James R. Chase, 2d, and George Alvin Simmons

alany beautiful and useful gifts were ent to the bride.

Mr. and Mrs. Chase left from the Middletown station late in the afternoon for Fall River and proceeded to Washington where they will spend their honeymoon.

The bridal party was given a merry send-off, plenty of rice and confetti being in use.

Mr. Chase is in the employ of the National Exchange Bank of Newport, but the young people will take up their residence in Middletowo,

Straw-West,

The home of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Tuck was the scene of a pretty weddlug Wednesday evening, when Mrs. Tuck's daughter, Miss Emma Kendall West, was married to Mr. Charles Alouzo Straw, Jr., son of Captain and Mrs. Charles A. Straw of Roxbury, Mass. Rev. Emery H. Porter, D. D., rector of Emmanuel church officiated.

The bride wore a dress of white acolian made over white silk, with trimmings of duchess lace. Her bouquet was of bride roses. She was attended by Miss Marian Tuck.

Mr. W. Harold Taylor, a classmate of the groom while at Harvard College, was the best man.

Miss Lillian West of Cambridge, a cousin of the bride, played the wedding marches. Gunther & Coles were the

Mr. and Mrs. Straw left, at 9 o'clock ou a wedding trip, which will include a trip through the South.

Mr. Straw is an inspector of powder at the Naval Training Station, and on their return the young couple will reside at 34 Mann Avenue.

Recent Deaths.

Henry B. Metcalf.

Hon. Henry R. Metcalf, the most prominent member of the Prohibition party in Rhode Island, died at his home in Pawtucket last Saturday evening, after suffering a paralytic shock on Thursday.

Mr. Metcaif had been all his life an earnest worker in the cause of temperance. He had been for many years a member of the board of directors of the National Temperance Society. He was one of the leaders of the Probibition party and bad been a candidate for Vice President on this ticket, as well as for less important offices. He was born in Boston in 1829 and was early introduced into the dry goods business, which gave him a good training for the many manufacturing enterprises with which he was afterward associated. He was a successful business man, interested in a number of manufacturing enterprises, and come ted with fluancial and educational institutions. He had been for nearly a quarter of a century a member of the board of trustees of Fufte College and for two years was president of the college corporation.

Peter James Turner.

Another member of the well-known Turner family of this city has passed away this week. Peter James Turner died on Thursday after a short illness, his death following within a few days after that of his brother which occurred last week. He had been confined to his house only about two weeks.

Mr. Turner was a son of the late James Varnum and the late Catherine R. Turner, and a brother of the late Dr. Henry Turner. He was for many years engaged in the lumber business out West, but had resided in Newport for a number of years. He is survived by a brother, Mr. William G. Turner, and two sisters, Miss Cutherine M. Turner of this city and Mrs. Francis Lawton of His-

Funeral services will be held at the United Congregational Church on Saturday at noon, and Rev. Dr. Beckley, a warm personal friend of Mr. Turner, will officiate.

A Visit to Pine Ridge.

After arriving at Providence we are obliged to wait at Market square for an electric car for Damelson, Conn. Passing through Providence we come to our first station, the little town of Pocasset, mid its beautiful foliage of evergreens, maple and a vast forest of autumuthited shrubbery, which at this time of the year is very beautiful. From now on we pass through one vast forest of groves, dotted here and there with the quaint, old-fashioned farm houses found only in the country section of

New Eugland. This time of the year, when the fruit is ripened and dropping from the trees, one may see heaps of applea scattered through the various orchards, about to be pressed and made into eider by the inhabitants, who for years have made

this their occupation. Now we come to the towns of North Seit vale, Arhland, Richmond, Clay-ville and Forest Center, amid their selendor of beautifully tinted foliage. At last we arrive at Pine Ridge Camp. Here we breathe the pure, dry air, free from all the dampness of the lower sections, the camp being 600 feet above the level of Rhode Island. The sandy soil is dry throughout the year, and anyone visiting this beautiful apot caunot help noticing the he dibful condi-

tion. Passing through the camp with its tents and cabins we find on our left the tents for men with their floors of wood, each containing a small cot. This little village is inhabited by a most sachable set of people. One patient told me that he never saw as many, willing hands to help one unother-everybody for each other. This street has been named by the boys "Easy street", which is quite appropriate. On our right we find the eating house where there is a long table through the center and plenty of space for each patient. There is also in connection a nicely furnished kitchen full of appetizing morsels. From the reports of the thirty-twotherethey are all satisfied with their rations. West of the dining room we find the ladies' cabin, all of wood. There are no wladows, but in their stead there is netting, allowing the air to circulate freely.

There is a large lecture room, andplied with papers and periodicals. Also there is an organ for those musically inclined. In this room lectures are held at intervals, one taking place on the day that the writer visited the camp. These lectures are given by a visiting minister from Providence, who comes once a wiek,

In general every possible thing is done to make the putients well and strong. Let us devote a small portion of our time toward helping the good cause along, never knowing when we may need such treatment ourselves, or our friends.

RALPH P. ROGERS.

Damages Awarded.

The commissioners appointed by the supreme court to assess the damages against the Newbort & Providence Railway Company for the lands condemned for the private right of way, have made! the reports and the same have been opened and recorded at the office of the clark of the court. The total amount of damages awarded is \$10,375, which will draw interest from the time the fand was taken. Any owner who is diseatisfied with the amount allowed him has the right to enter suit within three months and have the case tried by a jurv,

The awards are as follows:

Emily M. Cornell, \$200; Aivin Cornell, Charles Cornell and Abble B. Hall, \$1000-\$833.33 to each

Sarsh E. Thurston, \$1,200; Thomas and William E. oggeshall, \$1,600-\$800 to each; Abbie B. Hall, \$235; Marian Priscilla Hall and Herbert Francis Hall,\$665-\$332.50 to each.

Israel H. Oswell, \$225; Atwell F. Hedley, \$1,000; Henry Hedley, \$650; Armstead Sutton, tenant, nothing; Jacob Marz owner for life \$29.28: George M. Marz, \$10.36; Everett Marz, \$10.36; John L. C. Harrington, \$550; estate of Isauc Borden, deceased, \$100; John Hedley, \$500; Henry Anthony, \$150; Perry Chase, \$250; John W. Frankliu, \$250; John F. Chase, \$1,450; William Mott, \$800; Elljah L. Tallman,

Passed Assistant Paymaster G. P. Auld, U. S. N., is at the Naval Hospital, Coasters Harbor Island, for treatment.

Middletown.

Messra, James Taber and William Caswell left on the New York boat Saturday last, for St. Louis, where they will visit the World's Fair.

Mr. Crawford P. Hart returned Sun-day to Kingston College, having spent Saturday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs.Wm. V. Hart. Miss Josefe Farnum also spent Saturday with her sister, Mrs. Joseph A. Peckham, returning Sunday to Radchife College, Cam-bridge.

Capyright, 1903, by
Frederick A. Stokes Co.

Author of "Jennie Baxter. Jourpalist." Etc.

CHAPTER XII.

HE mansion of Corbiton was a large and rambling structure. two stories in height for the most part, although in some places it rose to three, as in others it subsided into one. It was built partly of stone, partly of brick and partly of timber and plaster, with many gables and picturesome windows in the wide. extending roof. Each of its owners had added to it as his needs required or his taste dictated, and now it was composed of many styles of architecture, but the jumble, as a whole, was beautiful rather than incongruous, as might have been expected.

As evening drew on the thin crescent

of a new moon shell a faint, mysterious light over the scene, as if it were a white sattle bring up in the sky, use

less because or re was no harvest in England to reap save that of death. The dim laster outlined the mansion. and the aspect was one of peace. scarcely trunded by the footfall of a sentinel statching along the grass in front, careae : trailing his pike, with nothing of a ort mulitary manner about

The senting) stoops in his walk and stood for a momen, by the battered sundful fistening. Fightly in the still night air came to him teress the fields the heating of horses theors on the hard road. Striding a hwart the broken lawn to an oaken door, he smote

it with the burn of his pike, crying:
"Peace within there. The general is coming."

There was an instant husbing of the coarse song, then a laugh, and when some one in masal tones raised the slow tune of a hymn the laughter became more uproarious, subsiding gradually, however, as voice after voice folned the drone. The sentinel now walked over to the main entrance and said to some one within the hall:

I think the general is coming." The watchman now resumed his

promenade, but he shouldered his weapon and marched more like a man on guard. Several officers came out of the hall and stood listening on the broken sward. From the darkness emerged three horsemen, two following a leader, a thickset man, who came ing a leader, a thickset man, who came somewhat stillly to the ground, as if fatigned with hard riding. To the one who sprang to the bridle he said eartly. "See the horse well rubbed down, and in half an hour feed bim with corn." Then to his two followers: "Look to your horses first; and to yourselves afterward. Be ready in an hour."

The chief officer now stepped for ward and said: 'You will surely stop the night, ex-

cellency! Everything is prepared."
"No. Did my order to stay the execution of Wentworth reach you in time, Colonel Porlock?"

"Yes, excellency. I would not have ventured to execute him without your sanction, arthogen the death sentence was the maximous finding of the court martial."

"The sentence was just. It may ret be carried out, or it may prove that the Lord has other use for him. Lead

the way within,' General Cromwell gave no greeting to the different groups as he passed them, his heavy riding boots swish swashing against each other as he followed Colonel Porlock into the hall, He strode awkwardly, like a man more accustomed to a horse's back than a tiled floor. The colonel led him into the great dining room, one end of which was occupied by a shuttered window, while the other was crossed by a gallery, and above all, very dim in the feeble illumination of two candles and some smoky torches, could be distinguished the knobs and projec-

tions of a timbered roof

was almost complete. ly bare of furniture, with the excep-tion of a high backed carved chair, which doubtless belonged to it, and a stout oaken table taken from some other part of the house, replacing the long hospitable board that had d many a festive gathering, but which had been used for firewood by the troopers. The general gazed about the ample apartment for a moment, as one who had never seen it before, estimating his bearings with the shrewd eye of a practiced soldier; then he pushed the table until it stood lengthwise with the room, instead of across, as before; glanced at the gallery and table, as if making some computation regarding their relative positions, drew up the chair and seated himself, setting the two candles by the edge farthest from him.

"Has Cupinin Rent arrived with his prisoner?

"Yes, excellency. He came at sun-

"Is he sure of his man?"

"He appears to be so, sir."

"Were any papers found on him?" "Yes, excellency '

"The other prisoner, Wentworth, is little more than a youth, I am told."

"He is very young, excellency."

"How came he to be set on an im-

portant outward post that night?" "There was danger of attack, and I placed him there of deliberate purpose. He was most reluctant to go, making one excuse and then another, saying he was ill, and what not. For more than a month he has been under suspicion of communicating with malig-nants, although we had no direct proof. He had been seen stealing away from the domain of Lord Rudby, the chief of the disaffected in this district. On the night in question he was watched, and left open? You are nearer it than I." as soon as he supposed himself alone he deserted his nost nut sours to his

horse and rode straight across country to Rudby Hall."

"And was arrested there?"
"No, excellency. An unlooked for event imprened. He rode out from the grounds of the hall, fighting his way. as it appeared, against a band of Rudby's followers, who were attacking him, and ran into the arms of our men, who were watching for him. The attacking party, seeing, as they supposed, an unknown force of rescuers, turned and fled. The night was dark, and the account of what took place is confused, but Wentworth was carried back to Corbiton, tried and condemned for deserting while on duty and holding com-

merce with the enemy,"
"Umph! What version did Wentworth give of the affair?"

"He maintained he was no traitor, but did not give any explanation of his absence from duty."

"I thought Rudby had surrendered all arms and had taken the oath to remain neutral?"

"His men were armed with staves only, and so Wentworth, better equip-ped, held his own against them." "What view did the court take of

this affray ?"

"They thought it merely a feint to cover the retreat of a discovered traitor. The night, as I said, was dark and our men, being mounted, could not move silently. Knowing the house would be searched if Wentworth was hidden, this plan of seeming enmity against him was prepared beforehand in case of discovery.

"How old a man is Rudby?"
"Nearing fifty."

"What family has he?",

"His two sons are supposed to be with the king at Oxford. There is one daughter at Rudby Hall."
"Humph! Is this the young man

who is said to be a son of the late secondrel, Strafford?"

"Yes, excellency."
"In that very blood is hatred of the people, contumely and all arrogance.

At heart he must be a royalist. And yet-and yet- Where was he brought

"On the estate of Sir John Warburton, dead these some years back. Warburton was his grandfather."
"Where is the Warburton estate?"

"It adjoins the lands of Rudby."

"A-h! Is the boy's mother living?" "No. His only relative is a sister who seems to be the most bitter king

bater in all the land." "Is there not a chance the boy was on his way to see his sister?"

"It was thought not. She has been ni liberty to visit him here and has done so on various occusions."

"Has Wentworth ever been in action?"

"Oh, yes, excellency, and he acquitted himself bravely enough."
"No hanging back, no wavering in

the face of the fee?" "No excellency."

"Humph! Send Captain Bent to me with the papers. When he is gone I wish you to bring me a trooper, some silent man who can be depended upon, an unerring marksman."

When Captain Bent arrived, he hand ed to the general the papers he had taken from Armstrong. Cromwell examined them with great minuteness by the light of the can lies, then set them in a bunch on the table without comment of any kind.

"Did your prisoner resist at, all or make any attempt at escape?

"No. general." "He made no protest then?"

"He said England and Scotland were at peace, that he therefore needed no passport; that his arrest was illegal. and that you would be the first to admit as much."

"Humph. Was he thoroughly searched? Are you sure he had no other pa-pers than these?"

"Quite sure, general."
"Very good. Bring the man here, If the door is open, come in with him. If it is shut, wait until you are called."

When the captain left the room the colonel entered with his trooper, who bore a matchlock. Cromwell dismissed Porlock, then said to the trooper:

"You will take your place in that galand remain there, making no sound. Keen your ears shut and your eyes open. A man will be standing be-fere me. If I raise my hand thus, you will shoot him dead. See that you make no mistake, and I warn you to shoot straight. Go!"

CHAPTER XIII.

HEN Captain Bent entered the galleried room with his prisoner, he found Cromwell seated at the table, his head bowed over some pages of manuscript on which he was busily writing. The general did not look up for a full minute, until he had finished the sentence he was inditing, then he raised his head and said quietly to the captain:

For one brief and lamentable instant the discipline which held the captain in its bonds relaxed, and he replied in surprise:

"And leave him unguarded, sir?" Cromwell said nothing, but a look of

such devilish ferocity came into his piercing gray eyes that the captain staggered as if he had received a blow gasped, turned and fied. When the commander spoke to Armstrong there was no trace of resentment or anger in his tones.

"Will you oblige me by closing that door which Captain Bent has stupidly Armstrong with a bow did what he was requested to do and returned to his nisse healds the table

a form of speech to which I am unac-You have been stonned quite without just cause, and I trust routhave met with no inconvenience or harsh treatment in consequence?" With neither, General Cromwell, if

I am not at fault in so addressing you.

I suspect that there are not two such more into the dim council chamber. men as you in the army of the parliament." Cromwell paid no heed to the compliment, if such was intended, but, al-though his voice was snave, his keen

eye searched the prisoner like an east

"The stoppage may indeed save you further annoyance if you intend to travel about the country, for I will give take in future. You are in the cattle trade, 1 am told $T^{\prime\prime}$ you a pass likely to prevent such a mis

"Yes, general." "It is a commendable traffic, with which I have no desire to interfere. You know of no reason for your arrestment by my stupid captain?"

"Truth to tell, your honor, and I know a very good reason for it." "Humph! And what is that?"

"Some nights since, as I was making for the English line, I stopped for refreshment at an inn where I had been accustomed to balt in my travels. To my amazement, I was refused admittance by a man who stood on guard. We had a bit of a debate, which ended in my overpowering him and forcing an entrance, and which was more surprised-the dozen there gathered together, or me, with their sentry under my ofter-it would be difficult to tell,

"I fear I must begin with an apology, I DADE FOR BUILDING After giving some laconic instrucerner to Captain Bent, who was hovering uneasily in the outside hall, Cromwell, bidding his enforced guest a cordial farewell, ordered Wentworth

to be brought to him and retired once

With hands clasped behind him and head bent, he strode slowly up and down the long room in deep meditation, vanishing into the gloom at the farther end and reappearing in the limited circle of light that surrounded the two candles, for the torches had long since smoked themselves out, and there had been no replacement of them, none daring to enter that room unsuramoned while the leader was within it. The watcher in the gallery felt rather than saw that there was an ominous frown on the lowered face as the commander waited for the second prisoner, over whom hung sentence of

death. This time a clanking of chains announced the new arrival, who was preceded by Colonel Porlock and accompanied by two soldiers, one on either side of him. The young fellow, who shuffled up to the table dragging his from, east an auxious look at the forbidding face of the man who was to be his final judge, in whose word lay life or death for him, and he found there little to comfort him. Cromwell seated himself once more and said grufily:

When the command was complied with the command dismissed the trio

"Take off those fetters."

"I TRUST YOU HAVE MET WITH NO HARSH TREATMENT."

Swords were drawn, and I might have and sat for some moments in sitence. come badly out of the encounter had it reading the frank, open face of his opnot been that a friend of mine among posite. the assemblage recognized me."

"I suppose you wish to mention no

"I see no objection," continued Armstrong innocently. "I take it that the and I find your condemnation just," men were quite within their right in "I have never questioned the veriding and the property of t gathering there, although 1 contended they exceeded their right in trying to keep the out of a public house. My friend was the Earl of Traquair. These gentlemen, finding I was for England, asked me to carry a message to the king, but I explained that I had no meet again somewhere else. There traitor." was a great splore about a spy that escaped, and I have no doubt if he saw me there and heard the proposal made to me be might well have brought my name and description across the border. At least that was the way I rea-

soned it out with myseif." Many unjustifiable acts are then com- I shall pay the price, even though I do nocent men. But I am anxious nothing shall be done that will give just cause of offense to Scotland, a God fearing country and a friendly. When such injustice happens as it has happened in your case, I try to make amend. How far south do you propose to travel?"

"I may go the length of Manchester or Birmingham. The distance and the nant Lord Rudby, so called?" time will depend on the state of trade."; "Yes, but not to see his lord to visit I will include them in the pass

I shall now write for you." "That I cannot say just at the moment. I wish to follow trade where

ever it leads me. "Then an inclusive pass, extending us far south as Manchester, will meet

"It will more than meet them, general," said Armstrong, with supreme

indifference. "As you carry no message from Traquair to the king I can write Oxford on your permit as easily as Manchester."

Thank you, general; but Manchester will be far enough." "I may say that we are strict about reflection on the huly, who"—
nose whom we allow to journey to "Surely, surely. I know what you those whom we allow to journey to and fro at the present time, and if you should overstep the limit of this docu-

and delay, and I may not be so near at hand on the next occasion.' "I quite understand, and if I wished and let her go to another?"
to go farther south I would have no "Sir, I will do enything for her." hesitation in begging permission of "Then barken well. There was here your excellency, but I doubt if I shall before me, where you now stand, some even see Manchester."

"You will not be leaving Corbiton in the kingdom. He told me truths until the morning, of course' "No, general. I know when I am

"Then, as I have much to do, I will make out your paper later, and it will rides to Oxford to see the king, and in be handed to you in the morning."

"You are to be shot at daybreak to morrow," he began in harsh tones that echoed dismally from the rattered ceil-ing. I have examined the evidence,

"I have never questioned the verdict general, nor did I make appeal." The shaggy brows came down over

Cromwell's eyes, but his face cleared perceptibly.
"You own the penalty right?"

"Sir, it is partly right and partly wrong, like most things in this world. wish to interfere in matters which did. It is right to punish me for deserting not concern me, and they parted to my post; it is wrong to brand me a "Ah, you have found your voice at

last, and there is some courage behind it. Desertion is an unpardonable crime. The point I press upon you is this: Your life is forfeit; yet, although your fault is unpardonable, I do not say it cannot be compensated for. Even "It is very like you are right. Spies, my enemies admit I am an bonest unfortunately, seem to be necessary trader. I will bargain with you for when a country is in a state of war. Your life. You shall buy it of me, and mitted, including the arresting of in- not forgive the crime. We will first, if you please, clear up the charge of trenchery. You were visiting your own home that night, and as it is on the further side of Rudby Hall your accusers naturally thought you had a rendezvous there?"

"No, general; it was my intention to have visited Rudby Hall."

"The residence of that foul, malig-

"Yes, but not to see his lordship, who "If you will tell me pinces you intend is my enemy, personal as well as po-visit I will include them in the pass littent."

"You are truthful, and it pleases me Why did you make a foolish mystery of your excursions? I take the case o stand thus: Your grandfather and Rudby were neighbors and possibly You were and are in love friends. with my lord's daughter, but since you belong to the cause of the people this oppressor of the people will have naught of you. You have risked your life to see the girl, who is doubtless as silly as the rest of her class, as you will discover if I let you live. Stands the case not thus?"

"In a measure, sir, it does, saving any

would say, for I was once your age and as soaked in folly. The question is, ment you are liable to investigation if you will risk your life for her, will you do what I ask of you to earn the girl and your life, or will you refuse

that I am willing to sid him. He may

the room with straighter shoulders moments since, the most plausible liar which on the surface appeared to be treachery to his friend, but which he at the table in silence, save for the was well aware I already knew. This -- t-him of his non. Then he was to bame me into believing him. He

tell the king what pleases him and those who send him. Little good will it do any of them. In return the king is to give him a commission to be handed to certain lords in Scotland. If that commission crosses the border we are like to have a blaze to the north of us which I do not wish to see kindled until a year from now. Then, by God-then, by God's will I shall be ready for them. We shall defeat the Scots in any case, but if this commission reaches these malcontents we cannot have the pleasure-humph!-we shall be precluded from the duty of beheading the ringleaders without bringing on ourselver the contumely of Europe. Without the king's commission they are but broilers, marauders. With this commission they will set up the claim that they are belligerents.

about our ears. William Armstrong is the messenger's name, and he has powerful supporters in his own councrossed the border yesterday and brought here. He pretends to be an innocent trader in cattle and will likely keep up that pretense. I have appeared to believe all he says, and he with a pass from my hand, giving him permission to travel as far south as Manchester, which was all he asked. I would willingly have given him safe conduct to Oxford, but he was too crafty to accept such a thing. He thinks he can make his way south from Manchester. As a matter of fact, he cannot, but I wish to make the way easy for him.

"Of course I could give a general order that he was not to be molested, but there are reasons against this, as we have doubtless spies in our own ranks, and a general order would excite sus-picion and would probably prove useless because this man, south of his permit's territory, will endeavor to go surquented routes. It will be your duty

the candles fell upon it, read aloud:

opportunity to become acquainted with your man. On the northward march you must become possessed of what he carries, and when you bring it to me you receive in its stead pardon and promotion. If you do not succeed before you reach Carlisle, then I must crush him, possibly kill him as a spy. Will you unacrtake it?"

'Tis an ungracious office you would bestow upon me, sir. I had rather meet him in talr fight and slay him or

have him slay me, as God willed."
"There speaks youth!" cried Cromwell impatiently. "This man is a treacherous, lying spy, whose life by all the rules of war is already forfelt. I propose to discount blu with his own weapons. Nay, more, I willingly save him from the destruction he merits. You are set to do him the createst service one man can offer another. If you fall, he dies; if you succeed, he has probably a long life before him."

"Sir, you are in the right, and your argument is incontestable. I accept your command willingly."

A gleam of pleasure lit the rugged face of the general, for he was fint-tered to believe his prowess in controversy was no less potent than his genius in war. His voice softened perceptibly as he continued:

You save your country and at the same time save your country's enemy. What excuse will you give to Arm strong for your desire to visit Ox ford? "My friend, the son of Lord Rudby

is there. Although we are on opposite sides, he has none of the bitterness against me shown by his father. I will say I wish to confer with him."

"That will serve. Now this pass is

for two, and you can offer to Armstrong safe conduct under your guidance, giving what plea you choose for the absence of the man who was to accompany you and who, it may be was supposed to have procured this pass from me."

Cromwell folded the pass and handed it to young Wentworth. "Go. This paper is your safeguard. I shall give the order that you are to be well mounted and provided with money. Send Captain Bent to me as you pass out."

Once more alone, Cromwell wrote the pass for Armstrong, giving him permission to travel between Carlisle and Manchester. When he had finishd writing, Captain Bent was standing beside the table, and to him he delivered the paper.

"You will give that to your late privoner," he said. "He is to depart tomorrow morning, not before o'clock, and is to travel unmolested. You have accomplished your duties well, captain, and your services shall not be forgotten." The silent but gratified captain left

than had marked his previous exit, His chief looked up at the dark gallery and called out, "Come down and report yourself to the officer of the night." For nearly ten minutes Cromwell sat

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE,)

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"The commission must be intercepted at all costs. It will be your task to frustrate the intentions of the king and his Scottish nobles. But the task

is more complicated than yet appears. It would be an easy matter to run this messenger through the body and there an end. I want what he carries, but I do not wish to harm the carrier These Scots are a clannish, trouble some, determined race. If you prick one with a sword's point the whole nation howls. This, then, must be done quietly, so that we bring no swarm try. He was stopped as soon as he leaves this house tomorrow morning

reptitiously to Oxford and by unfreto become acquainted with Armstrone and win his confidence. You will accompany him to Oxford and return with him. You will be protected by a pass so broad that it will cover any disguise either of you may care to us-sume. It is such a pass as I have never issued before and am not like to la-sue again, so I need not warn you to guard it carefully and use it only when orcessary. It recals thus."

Here the speaker took up a sheet of paper on which he had been writing and, holding it so that the light from

"Pass the bearer and one other, without question or interference, from Carlisle to Oxford and return. WARRANTED "The journey south will give you the

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Gavalry Raid on Gunboats

A FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY WAR STORY

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ORREST crowned a dashing raid along the Tennesses given raid along the Tennessee river in rear of the Federal army by attacking and destroying the was inclosed with a long line of ride fortified post and naval armament at pits, and at the time Forrest arrived Johnsonville on Nov. 4, 1864. The patrof of the Tennessee by hostile gunboats had seriously interfered with the freedom of Forrest's guerrilla warfare in west Tennessee, a fact which stirred him to unusual deeds of desperation, Incredible as this may seem in view of his past exploits. Covered by their gunbouts, the Federals, who were in strong force east of the river, could cross and recross at will. The first collision between the raid-

ing cavalry and the gunboats took place near Paris, where Forrest had stationed Buford's mounted division with orders to "blockade the river." Batteries of horse artillery were posted in some old Confederate works at Fort Helman and Paris Landing. A victim soon appeared before the well masked guns in the shape of the Federal trans-port steamer Mazeppa, heavily laden with army stores. A heavy fire speed-ily crippled the steamer's machinery, and she drifted ashore, abandoned by her crew. Some of Buford's men swam to the wreck and got her to the western bank, where busy hands were unloading her rich cargo of bard bread, blankets, shoes and other military stores when three Federal gunboats hove in sight and opened fire upon the captive ship. Butord promptly fired the transport, and the gunboats dropped away down the river.

Another transport came on the scene, but managed to escape in spite of the but managed to escape in sinte of the beavy fire poured upon her. Next came the transport Venus, convoyed by the tin clad gushoat Unilne. The raid-ers permitted the Unilne to pass by the guns a short distance, then opened The little ship fought for half an hour, then dropped down and took shel-ter in a bend in the liver between two hostile batteries. Meanwhile Forrest in person came on the scene and ordered a fresh attack in true cavalry style. Two light guns were brought to bear, and several companies of troopers dismounted and worked their way through the brush to the river bank, where they plied their carbines at the portholes of the steamer. The men on the Undine attempted to make a fight, but were compelled to close their ports against the rain of sharpshooters' bulets. Finally a well aimed shot passed through her from stem to stern, and the survivors of her crew escaped to the shore.

The Undine drifted to shoal water, and two companies of raiders rushed aboard and hoisted the stars and bars. She mounted eight guns and, with the captive transport Venus, was instantly manned and armed for battle against her former owners. After raising steam the new crew, all landsmen from the cavalry ranks, steered for Parls landing, cheered by the whole cavalcade which flanked the navel fleet on both banks of the river. Meanwhile another Yankee gunboat hove in sight, having been drawn by the sound of Forrest's cannon, and began to sliell the Confederate batteries on land. By shifting their guns the raiders drove this boat back up the river. The Undine had had in tow two barges, one of which was laden with sutler's stores, and these the raiders appropriated individ-ually. This was the first occasion since the destruction of the Confederate fleet at Memphis In 1862 when the cavalry had seen their flag floating over a warship, and, as the captive needed repairs, the day was given over to merrymaking and tinkering up the tin clad Yankee gunboat. At nightfall Forrest made ready for a descent upon the Federal post at Johnsonville.
In anticipation of serious work on

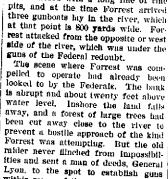
the water the cavalry ranks were scoured for noen with some knowledge of seafaring. A Kentucky captain took command of the eight gun ship Undine, and a Bentenant colonel hoisted a permant over the two gum transport Venus. Forrest went on board the tin and the novel fleet started on a trial trip over the stretch of water be-tween Paris landing and Fort Hei-

One incident of this trip was the loading on board the Venus of the military stores taken from the Mazeppa Next day, however, the little flottlla ran into three Yankee gunboats, and the Yenus, with all the plunder, went back to its original owner. Forrest had already alrea already planted a brigade with a battery of horse artillery in the bushes opposite Johnsonville, and the Undine, with all the land forces, railled at that point to wait for a favorable opportsnity to attack.

The new post at Johnsonville, with that at Paris Landing, several miles distint, completely blockaded the riv-er, but five Federal gunboats roamed the channel between these points. Before Porrest was ready for the grand swoop of the raid these gunboats be-gan a wild shelling of the shore, and a day was spent in skirmishing in which the Undine took part. Finally two gunboats came up from Johnsonville on one side of the Undine while she was under fire from the boats on the other side, and her crew of amateur sailors turned the head of the ship into the bank, set her on fire and made of for their horses, preferring saddle, carfor their horses, preferring saddle, car. graffon which licked up everything than This anied Fortest's navel on combinatible at Johnsonville. The loss

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within range of the enemies' gunboats

Federal post at Johnsonville had been

fortified by a strong, heavily armed redoubt, built upon a hill commanding

the river. The vast military depot

and other shipping at the landing. Lyon and his men hauled four guns by hand through the woods and stumps to the natural rampart formed by the high bank. Working all night, the raiders excavated chambers in the bank and cut four embrasures opening on the river, which they hid from the foe by transplanting bushes in front of them. Just below the town aix more guns were hauled to the front in the same way and screened by bushes, but were not sunk, for Forrest wished them ready to speed away after any gunboats which should attempt to escape down the river when the bombardment opened. While this work was in progress the colonels and brigadiers posted their best shots in the timber fining the west bank behind logs and in ravines where they could

have range on the gunboats.

At 12 o'clock on the 4th all was ready on the Confederate side. Forrest ordered the guns to open at 2 o'clock, and to secure uniformity all the watches of the officers were set uniformity. The owney limit of the order of the officers were set uniformity. formly. The enemy little dreamed of the tempest ahead. Some gunboats cruising around dropped down the river, but three at the landing were rest-ing idly with steam up, their sailors washing their clothes on deck. Soldiers were moving about and passen-gers, including ladies, were taking steamers, to depart. Says an eyewitness: "Forrest anxiously surveyed the scene until the moment for action had come. Then, alming with his own eye and hand a piece in the lower battery,



PORREST'S CRACE SHOT.

carefully trained upon the gunboats at the landing, were discharged with such harmony that it could not be discerned that there was more than one reportprecision. The Confederates plied their artillery with unabated energy, and, the sharpshooters joining in, their unerring rifles kept up a fierce and deadly

fire at the ports of the gunboats."

At the end of an hour two gunboats were In flames and the third was run ashore and descried. The burning gunboats set several barges aftre, and in two hours from the time the first shot was heard every vessel in sight was blazing. A pile of hay and a row of filled whisky barrels were set on fire by shells, and when the raiders moved off at dark they left behind a confiabine and saber to anything anone then. This ended Forrest's naval operations, but not his warfare on the erations, but not his warfare on the ed three gunbouts, eleven transports, the business besides buildings and During the course of the war the stores. GEORGE L. KILMER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Charff Elithus,

at the appointed instant ten pieces,

one heavy gun. Immediately steam and smoke poured forth from the buts and at every aperture from one of them, while her crew were sec ing into the river negrest the shore and swimming for the landing, showing that her steam apparatus was mortally hurt. Another of the gunboats turned toward shore. The ladies just approaching the transports rushed ex-citedly up the hillside toward the fort. Only one of the gunboats returned the fire, but the redoubt burst forth with a storm of shells thrown with much

GARBLED QUOTATIONS.

Bow Parker Misused McKinley's Last

From Parker's letter of acceptance: "He pointed out in his last address to the people that we must make sensible trade arrangements if 'we shall extend the outlets for our increasing surplus."

What McKinley said: "By sensible trage arrangements which shall not interrupt our home production we shall extent the outlets for our increasing

Judge Parker quotes McKinley further as follows: "A system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the conthreed healthful growth of our export trade." But he stops there without including the following last sentence of the paragraph: "We should take from our customers such of their products as we can use without harm to our industries and labor "

Who says the "most noble judge" could purposely misrepresent?

"POLITICAL OLIGARCHY."

Some Facts About Voters' Rights In Virginia.

Something like a hundred years ago Thomas Jefferson protested against the new constitution of Virginia be cause it gave more power to 19,000 voters in the plantation region of the east than to 20,000 in the nonslaveholding western part of the state. Hence, he claimed, the state would be really ruled by an oligarchy. Let us see whether this is true now. In the Third district, one of the old slaveholding districts, are included the cities of Richmond and Manchester, and one in twenty-eight of the population votes. In the Fourth district, another of those with a large ex-slave population, a total vote of 6,841 was cast in a population of 106,321-one in twenty-sixthe winning candidate receiving 5,717 votes, or about five-sixths of the whole. In the Ninth district, including some of the western counties, about whose rights Jefferson was solicitous, a total vote of 27,170 was cast in a population of 227,381—about one vote in seven. The Republican candidate received 13,694 votes, and his opponent 13,476, more than twice as many votes as were required to elect a Democrat in the Fourth district, while the total vote la four times as great as that in the Fourth district and the popula-tion only about 60,000 greater. Sixty thousand more people and four times as many votes required to elect a representative! And Jefferson called it political oligarchy when 19,000 voters had more power than 30,000. Judge Parker does not desire that Justice shall "walt on political oligarchy!"

Roosevelt and the Farmer.

[From the Orange Judd Farmer.] Especially do the farmers of America pin their faith to Theodore Roose velt. He knows them and their wants. He was the first president to comprehensively group the problems of forestry, irrigation, good roads, rural free delivery, etc. He was instrumental in putting into force laws and policies for alding agriculture in these and many

He appointed a commission of ex perts to review the land lows and to outline such reforms as would best promote the public interest in general and also the welfare of the bona fide settler, stockman, rancher and lumberman, while putting a stop to the piundering of the public domain. Roose-veit means that the public lands, waters and forests shall be the heritage of the prople.

The federal irrigation policy has been wisely championed and fathered by Theodore Roosevelt. Without subjecting east or south to further agricultural competition, this irrigation policy is creating thousands of happy and sustaining homes in the previously arid west, thereby developing a large addition to that best of all markets for our labor, capital and manufacturers - the home market

Still more wonderful, this national irrigation policy is being carried out without expense to taxpayers. The money for it comes from the sale of public lands-\$27,000,000 now available and is paid back by the settlers upon

Anti-imperialist Fuskions. [From the New York Tribune.]

Mr. Dooley remarked a few days attic of ivry Dimmyerat's house is filled with of policies that he wanst used—policies that have fuded or punctured a tire or broke a mainor punctured a tire of Droke a main-spring or been run over be a band wagon." Anybody who goes into the Democratic garret and seeks the cor-ner where the castoff garments of antiimperialism have been thrown with the successive changes of fashion will certainly confess that Mr. Dooley in this respect understands the Democracy. For five years now the Democracy has been denouncing "imperialism," and this year it again appears in that role. with the so called anti-imperialists proclaiming it the only hope of human lib-erty. Yet the fashion of its anti-im-perialism has changed so often and so completely that it would hardly know itself if it rigged up in its former cos-tumes for the part.

Like Many Others.
An old time Democrat in a Michigan

town was discussing politics with a rural Democrat, at the same time dividing a sack of peanuts between them and spreading the shucks over the courthouse steps. "How did you like Judge Parker's speech of acceptance?" asked the town Democrat. "Well," said the rural delegate, as he took another landful of peanuts, "I like peanute a whole lot better."

To Make Baking Powder,

Measure two parts of cream of tarter and one part of baking sods. Mix with them a tablespoonful of flour, dried in the oven, for each cupful of the cream of tartar and soda. Sift six times and put away in a glass jar with a tight top. Keep closed except when you open it to get some out for use,

OVER THE BORDER.

CONTINUED FROM SECOND PAGE, rose wearily, with a deep sigh, his marked face seemingly years older than when he had entered the room. Once outside, he gave Colonel Poriock the papers he had written and said:

"The finding of the court murdal s approved, but the sentence is suspended. It is possible that Wentworth may render such service to the state as will annul the sentence against him. You will give him every assistance he reof you and the amount of moner set down in this order. Bring out my horse."

When the author't was brought to the

lawn the general mounted with some difficulty, more like an old man than a leader of cavalry. The two silent horsemen behind him, he disappeared once more into the night, as he had

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Latter Was the Same Fault Finder fie is Today-President's Just Rebuke.

Forty Years Ago the Shifting Politician Was Regarded as Performing a Poor Part.

My Dear Sir-I have just received and read your letter of the 20th. The purport of it is that we lost the late election and the administration is failing because the war is unsuccessful, and that I must not flatter myself that I am not justly to blame for it. I cer-tainly know that if the war fails the administration fails, and that I will be blamed for it, whether I deserve it or And I ought to be blamed if I could do better. You think I could do better, therefore you blame me already. I think I could not do better, therefore I blame you for blanding me. I under stand you now to be willing to accept the help of men who are not Republicans, provided they have heart in it. Agreed. I want no others. But who is to be the judge of hearts or of "heart in it?" If I must discard my own judgment and take yours, I must also fake that of others, and by the time I should reject all I should be advised to reject I should have none left, Republicans or others-not even your-Republicans or others—not even your-self. For be assured, my dear sir, there are men who have "heart in it" that think you are performing your part as poorly as you think I am per-forming mine. I certainly have been dissatisfied with the showness of Buell and McCallan but before I relieved. and McClellan, but before I relieved them I had great fears I should not

seen little since to relieve those fears. I do not clearly see the prospect of any more rapid movements. I fear we shall at last find out that the diffenity is in our case rather than in particular generals. I wish to disparage no one-certainly not those who sympathize with me-but I must say I need success more than I need sympathy, and that I have not seen the so much greater evidence of getting success from my sympathizers than from those who are denounced as the contrary. It does seem to me that in the field the two classes have been very much allke in what they have done and what they have failed to do. In caling their faith with their blood, Baker and Lyon and Boblen and Richardson, Republicans, did all that meo could do, but did they any more than Kearny and Stevens and Reno and Mansileld, none of whom were Republicans, and some at least of whom have been bitterly and repeatedly denounced to me as secession sympathizers? I will not perform the ungrateful task of comparing cases of fullure.

find successors to them who could do het-

ter, and I am sorry to add that I have

answer to your question, "Has it not been publicly stated in the newspapers, and apparently proved as a fact, that from the commencement of the war the enemy was continually supplied with inform the confidential subordinates of as important an officer as Adjutant General Thomas?" I must say "No," as far as my knowledge extends. And I add that if you can give any tangible evi-dence upon the subject I will thank you to come to this city and do so. Very truly your friend,

A. LINCOLN. No Friendships to Renew.



"I want a train that goes through Jerkville at night." "What's the reason?"

"I was there last year and sold every man in town a set of books on the Installment plan."

With something less than a hundred different kinds of cereal breakfast food to be had, the dish of oatmeal well cooked still leads them all. There would be much more ontment eaten did cooks know how to cook it. Boiled for ten minutes, it is an abomination; cooked slowly for six hours, it is a

Sufficient Provocation. What would the little baby say
If it could talk? Would it insist
That grown folks shouldn't get so gay
And think that it was to be kissed?

When some old men with whiskerets
Pounced on the bubies unaware,
If they could talk, the little pets,
I haven't any doubt, would swear.

Will Save Rey Del Valle. Dave McCiary will save Rey Del Valle over until his four-year-old form He worked a mile at Buffalo in 2:07%

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"Let the grandiather be the cirver one of the trio. In most of the other cases the young folk have been sometrer than the old people upon whom they played their jokes. Lut's reverse it,"

one made oven someter come tage on people upon whom they played their jokes. Let's reverse it.

The next morning he come to my office with sketches for half a dozen series, and with the name "Foxy Grandpu" in list head. The success of the series in the New York Herald was Instantaneous, for the holm not heard of "Foxy Grandpu" and "Runny"?

The Jolly old gentieman, dear to grown people as well as children, might almost he called the Mr. Pickwick of come for trees.

EDWARD MARSHALL.

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OLDEN TIMES.

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MERCURY PUBLISHINGUED.

Newport, R. I.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Manager. Office Telephone

Saturday, October 15, 1904.

C. S. Melten, president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R., has been elected director of the First National Bank of New York.

They are going to draw ex-President Cleveland out of his shell and make him speak at least once for the Democratic ticket. It probably will not do much good for the cause.

The campaign in Rhode Island has opened this week in a very aggressive manner. Both parties are putting in their best work, though thus far the Republicans are far in the lead.

The Democratic managers figure out Parker's election by two majority. Very modest that. The Republicans are bigger on claims and declare that Roosevelt will have 158 electoral votes

Massachusetts expects Governor Bates of that State to be a member of President Rossevelt's cabinet next year. We hardly think however that the President will take two members of his official family from one state, however able they may be.

The next U.S. Scuator from Massachusetta to succeed Senator Hoar will be ex-Gov. Crane. He will doubtless be elected when his appointed term expires, and can make up his mind to end his life in Washington if he so

The Democrats and the few mugwumps that are still left in the East Parker elected to save the party from itself. The eastern contingent fear that the defeat of Parker means the ascendency of the Bryan-Hearst rabid combination. In all probability that element will come to the front again

. President Borden of the Manufacturers' Association says that it appears to him that the Fall River strike will not last many day more. No official action has been taken toward re-opening the mills, although the Seaconnet managers say they will open some morning this week. The impression is strong that unless something, unexpected occurs, an attempt to start will be made Oct. 17, or soon afterwards by all of the

The Republican Candidates.

The Republican party in the State of Rhode Island has made no mistake 'iu the choice of its candidates for high offices. In the person of George H. Utter of Westerly the party has a manwho is respected alike for this ability. his fearlessness and his sterling integrity. His term as Lieutenaut Governor has shown that he is a man to be relied upon at all times, possessing a strict sense of justice and impartially which is all the after noticeable because it is not possessed by another who occupies a higher office.

Mr. Utter is the editor and proprietor of the Westerly Sun, and a working newspaper man of long standing. In his business he has met with success. As a man he is cordial, warm-hearted and sincere, one who has made hosts of friends; as a statesman he is able, quick to grasp a situation, firm to carry through a cause he believes to be right; as a speaker be is eloquent, swaying vast audiences whither he wills. Mr. Utter is the man to carry the Republican banner to victory this year after two years of defeat, and when elected he will make a worthy use of the gubernatorial power.

Frederick H. Jackson, the nominee for Lieutenant Governor, is a successful business man of Providence, who holds the admiration and respect of all who know him. He a man of much ability and with many friends.

Of the other nominees, Charles P. Bennett and Walter H. Read have served the people of the State long and faithfully in the offices to which they have been renominated. Mr. Greenough, the nominee for Attorney General, has served as the assistant in that office and upon him has devolved much of the arduous work. In this county he is well known by reason of the many cases that he has conducted in behalf of the State.

Hon, John H. Stiness, who has been selected as the nominee for Congress for this district, has been for long years a member of the supreme bench of the State and for several years the Chief Justice, 'A man of the highest character, of great ability, and of profound learning, he will be an honor to the office that he will fill.

Utter and Jackson.

At the Republican State Convention held in Providence on Wednesday George H. Utter of Westerly was nominated for Governor and Frederick H. Jackson of Providence for Lieutenant Governor. Judge John H. Stiness of Providence was nominated for member of Congress by the First District Convention.

The State Convention was called to order by Hon. Frank E. Holden. The delegates were enthusiastic and made the great hall ring with their cheers. The hall was attractively decorated with flags and streamers and potted plants, while large portraits of Roosevelt and Fairbanks were hung at the

There was more enthusiasm displayed i outdoors on crutches.

than has been noticed before at a Republican Convention for years. When Senators Aidrich and Platt entered the room and took seats on the platform they were warmly welcomed, and the name of each nomines when placed before the convention was greeted with hearty cheem.

Col. Daulel R. Ballou was chosen temporary chairman and Nathan M. Wright temporary secretary. The roll was then called the delegates from Newport County being as follows:

Newport County being as follows:
Newport—H. N. Hassard, Armstead
Hurley, Lewis H. Raymoud, Charles
E. Harvey, Robert S. Burlingame,
Charles F. D. Fayerweather, Sidney
D. Harvey, Arthur E. Burland, Herbert Elles, Braddin Hamilton, William
F. Robinson, D. R. Chase, Lazillard
Spencer, William W. Marvel, James
Malageh

Speucer, William W. Marvel, James McLeish.
New Shoreham—H. A. Ball, Edward S. Payne, E. A. Brown, Ray Paine, Samuel Burnside, L. B. Mott.
Jamestown—William F. Caswell, Daniel C. Watson, Henry H. Luther, H. A. Sherman, Abnott Chandler, Charles E. Weeden.
Portsmouth—Elbridge I. Stoddard, D. Frank Hast, William W. Aninony, Earl H. Peckham, Herbert S. Grioneli, Frank W. Wheeler.
Middletown—Robert Patterson, Percy T. Bailey, A. Herbert Ward, William G. Peckham, Charles H. Ward, Howard R. Peckham.
Tiverton—Joseph Brough, Philip E. Manchester, Samuel F. Siewart, Charles H. Potter, Isaac Brown, Charles E. Williston.
Luther Computer—Abraham Man-

M. Potter, 1992.
Williston.
Little Compton—Abraham Manchester, C. C. Wardwell, Frederick R. Brownell, Samuel N. Smith, Albert T. Seabury, Haroid R. McFarland. Col. Daniel R. Ballou then delivered an address which was frequently in-

terrupted with tumultuous applause. Addresses were also made by Senator O. R. Platt of Connecticut, Senator Aldrich, Congressman Capron and

A strong platform was adopted, commending the nomination of Roosevelt. and Fairbanks, commending the policy of protection and the gold standard, supporting the constitution, and submitting the record of the Republican party for the scrutiny of the voters of the State.

Samuel M. Nicholson of Providence, Webster Knight of Warwick, Rowland G. Hazard of South Kingstown, and William Watts Sherman of Newport were nominated for Presidential elect-

A resolution was adopted regretting that Col. Colt had declined to again be the candidate for Governor. The name of George H. Utter of Westerly was then put forward as a candidate for Governor and he was unanimously nominated amid tumultuous cheering. For Lieutenant Governor ex-Governor Charles Warren Lippitt named Frederick H. Jackson of Providence, and he was the unanimous choice of the couvention. Charles P. Bennett was again nominated for Secretary of State, and William B. Greenough was made the party nominee for Attorney General. Walter A. Read was again nominuled for General Treasurer. Hou. George H. Utter and Hon. Charles P. Bentiett addressed the convention, returning thanks for the honor done

State Auditor Charles C. Gray cailed the first District Convention to order and the only business was the naming of a candidate for member of Cougress. William Gammell presented the name of Hon. John H. Stiness of Providence and he was unanimously nominated.

Peace Progress.

The great International Peace Cougress in Boston last week was very appropriately opened by Secretary Hay, who ranks, perhaps, the most eminent representative of the diplomacy of the modern world. His address was a wellconsidered and inspiriting effort. He did not shut his eyes to the probability of a long continuance of war upon the earth, though he did welcome the activity and the energy of the western republic in the strife for more humane methods and more pacific means of dealing with the problems which confront the nations of the later time. The report of the Peace Bureau set forth a number of instances in which steps had been taken recently to bring the people and the governments of the world under the sway of international arbitration. Among the conventions in which the principle was recognized were the Franco-English arbitration treaty of October, 1903; the treaty of arbitration between France and Italy of December, 1903; the Anglo-Italian arbitration treaty of January, 1904; the arbitration treaty between Deu-mark and Holland of February, 1904; the Franco-Spanish arbitration treaty of March, 1904; the Anglo-Spanish arbitration treaty of March, 1904; the Franco-English agreement concerning Egypt, Morocco, Newfoundland and Western Africa, as well as Siam, the New Hetrides and Madagascar, o. April, 1904; the arbitration treaty between France and Holland of April, 1904; the Anglo-German arbitration treaty of July, 1904; the Anglo-Scandinavian treaty of July, 1904, and the arbitration treaty between Spain and Portugal. In addition, there is to be mentioned the Franco-Italian convention concerning labor legislation signed in April of this year. The congress expressed its satisfaction at the adoption of those treaties, and especially commended as a model for all future treaties that between Denmark and Holland, which contains no reserve whatever.

Captain William R. Rose, of Tiverton, is able to be out after his recent severe iliness, having been at the Newport Hospital several weeks for treat-

Mr. Herbert Wilson is able to be

Washington Matters.

Funeral Services for Postmaster General Payne-Problem of Protection for Banks -School for Naval Surgeous-Noise. (From Our Regular Correspondent

Psystem-Preblem of Protection for Basks

School for Naval Surgeoss—Modes.

(From our Reguist Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 15, 1994.

Yasterday thousands of people assembled inside and outside of St. John's Episcopal church, in this city to attend the Gueral of Postmaster General Payne. The streets were blocked for a long distance around Lafayette Sequare and the Arlington hotel. The services began at 10 clock and continued for one-half hour. Among those in the audience were the President, and Mrs. Roosevelt, dresed in black; Admiral Dewey: the Chinese and Japanese aninsters; the General of the Army; Gen. B ack and wife; Mr. Justice Harlan and Mr. Justice Brown of the Supreme Court, with his bride; and many other officials together with such of the Cabinet officers as are in the town. The display of flowers was very claborate. When the easket was taken to the depot the hearne was preceded by 200 letter carriers who marched four file front. A few carriages followed filled with members of the family and the pall-bearers. The President looked in the best of health and spirits. Those nearest to him say he is very optimistic regarding the political situation. Mr. Cortelyon came on from New York to attend the functar. Alterwards he went to the White House. As he was about to leave he said: "Mr. President i believe you will win, and you will win without a promise, express or implied, having been given a corporation, interest or individual in exchange for support." This is taken to be an answer to a lengthy attack recently made upon the President to ask him to revoke a recent order from the War Department which would take work away from some 3,000 widows and wives of old seiders and give it to contractors. It seems the War office wants 55,000 pairs of dress trousers and sought the cheapest, contractor, regardless of the fact that Leretofore these women have done the work. The President model the work way from some 3,000 widows and wives of old seiders and give it to contractors. It seems the War office women

War, asking why it was issued. He promised that an investigation shall be made. The seamstresses were delighted with their reception, and will hold a thank-offering meeting in Philadelphia. Senator Foraker has been in town and assures the President that in his opinion Indiana, Wisconshi and Neoraska will give Republican plurabites. Comptroller Ridgeley of the Treasury Department would like to device a scheme of bank examination which would be absolutely rascal tight. He says this in face of the fact that recently at Grinnell, Iowa, an institution was wrecked by the successful substitution of forged paper right in the face of an examination by Bank Examiner Shaw. The bank showed to trace of mismanagement, and as Mr. Shaw has some two hindred or more banks to examine he cannot stop to verify all the paper. two initiates or more against occasional the paper which passes through his hands. Mr. Ridgeley is decidedly of opinion that the directorate of each individual bank should exercise such scrutiny over its internal affairs as to make forged paper impossible. Fifty years ago backs suffered robbery in numerous instances from expert cracksmen. Owing to modern safeguards their occupation is now lost. The problem now is how to protect a bank's funds from those in-

protect a bank's funds from those inside the bank.

The old mayal observatory, which stands upon a beautiful elevation in the couth western part of this city, has for the past too years been used for the Hygienic Museum. There is now being held within its ample walls a free school for Naval Surgeons. There are some 25 pupils in attendance from different states, all of whom have received the degree of M. D. from a medical college, but who will remain here for six months of hard study to fit themselves for duty on braid war ships. Lectures are given each day from 9 o'clock until 430 p. m. with half an hour for luncheon. Your corresponsent had a pleasent. are given each day from 9 o'clock until
430 p. m. with thalf an hour for luncheon. Your correspondent had a pleasant interview with Medical Director
Marmion a day or two ago, and tearned
that there are more vacancies in the
navy for surgeons than there are applicants. At this school the men are
taught the use of the compress the barometer; signaling; fencing; the barometer; signaling; fencing; the broad
sword;—and as soon as a tank is provided awimming will be added to the
list of accomplishments. The object of
the school is to make the men familiar
with conditions on ship hourd, besides
supplementing their medical education
where there is need of it. By the first
of next January there will be some
forty vacancies in the Navy to be filled
by medical men so there is room for
fifteen more young men.

The report widely published in Democratic papers that a young engineer had
recently made a discovery on the
lathrous of Panama which all the celebrated French and American engineers
bud feiled to do to the effect that the

recently made a discovery on the lathenus of Pansma which all the celebrated French and American engineers had failed to do, to the effect that the Charges river can be diverted from its present course to the Pacific, and thus permit the building of a sea level canal proves to be misteading in some of the statements made. The matter was considered long ago by the Canal Commission here in Washington, and the route marked out on the map over which it was supposed the river might be made to flow. Three or four young men were sent to the canal zone to examine this line and report. They did so, and the Secretary of the Commission said to your correspondent yesterday, "they deserve credit for obeying orders." It is possible to divert the river; it remains to be decided whether it is practicable to do so. The canal Commissioners held a session on Thursday, but did not reach a conclusion on the route.

Commissioners held a session on Thursday, but did not reach a conclusion on this point.

The Old Boys' Club, just organized in this city, of which President Roosevelt has been elected a member, is a Republican organization, the object of which is to use all lawful means in its power to assist in the election of a Republican President of the United States next November, and to seeme to the power to assist in the election of a Republican President of the United States next November, and to secure to the American people "the greatest good to the greatest new the American people "the greatest good to the greatest number." There are no fees, which is remarkable. The organization is composed of men who voted for Fremont-or Lincoln. It is the purpose of the club to reach every community in the United States. Those who wish can wear a Fremont and Lincoln button. The motto of the club is: "A party fit to govern must have convictions."

The Post Office Department in this city is weeding out as fast as may be fraudulent concerns which make use of the mails. The President has appointed Mr. B. J. Wynne to be acting postmaster general for the next thirty days, which is as long as the law allows. Mr. Wynne has issued a fraud order against Thomas A. Edison Jr. Chemical Co., of New York, at the request of the elder Edison. This company advertised a "vitalizer" which it sold for

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Hence it is that Royal Baking Powder produces food remarkable both in fine flavor and wholesomeness.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

\$8. It consisted of a piece of blotting paper dipped in acid solution and placed between two sheets of copper. It was a "cure all". The only consection young Edison had with it was to allow the use of his name for \$35 a week.

Weather Bulletin.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 15, 1904.—
Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross the continent 14 to 18, warm wave 13 to 17, cool wave 18 to 20. Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast about 18, cross west of Rockles by close of 19, great central valleys 20 to 22, eastern states 23. Warm wave will cross west of Rockles about 18, great central valleys 20, eastern states 22. Cool wave will cross west of Rockles about 21, great central valleys 23, eastern states 25.

This disturbance will be one of the most important of the fall season; important because of the intensity of its Copyrighted 1901 by W. T. Foster.

most important of the fall season; important because of the intensity of its weather features. At this time it is not possible to say where these storm features will be greatest but I expect them to be at their greatest force in the great central valleys, the lake region and northeastern states.

By reference to the first paragraph above you will see that I expect these disturbances to cross great central valleys 20 to 23, eastern states 24. The planetary forces will reach their greatest influence from 19 to 21 and therefore I say that these disturbances will reach their greatest intensity not far from 21, that is during the period 19 to 23.

These dates are for the cloud centers and at that time I expect a severe cold wave to be coming in from the north-west—Bantloba and the Dakoths. That cold wave will be extensive, cov-

That cold wave with the extensive, covering all the country where my forecasts are published.

The above is m reference to the continent. At the same time a tropical hurricane is probable in the West Indies. If the harricane develops great force it will lessen the force of the continents storms. ortheretal sorms. If no hurricale ortheretal sorms, if no hurricale organizes the continental storms will be of greater intensity. Time is not far away when I will be able to be more definite about these matters.

 I expect this disturbance to oring the greatest rainfails of the month, particularly west of the Missisappi and south of the Platte and Missian rivers. The cold waves and frosts, about 24

The cold waves and frosts, about 24 will stop corton growth at least as far south as parallel 32.

My work had not advanced far enough to make the promised great improvements in October fore-asts but these improvements will begin to show up for November, growing better for each succeeding month. I have sure got the weather problem into as close quarters as as the Jups had the Russlans at Port Arthur at the beginning of October.

Fall Trip to St. Louis.

This is the time of year when traveling is a delight and the journey to St. Louis is one of the best trips imaginable. The great Exposition is a vast store-house of useful and instructive information and the completeness of the details in every branch is little short of astonishing. There are exhibits from very land and region and no matter in which branch or building you may visit you will find amazing things. The route to St. Louis, which leads over the New Jersey Central, is one of the best in as much as there is au opportunity for stop-over at Baltimore and Washington and also privilege of visiting the famous battle fields of Virginia. There are also circuitous routes which the New Jerray Central can offer all of which have many attractive features and if you are interested drop a line to C. M. Burt, G. P. A., New Jersey Central, New York City, for in-

A HUGE MAGNET.

Lakewood attracts visitors out of season as well as in season, and is getting to be one of the first points of interest in this country which foreign tourists inquire about. Averaging from ten to fitteen degrees warmer iban New York, its heulthfulness and accessibility from the Metropoils combine to make it an ideal winter resort. It owes much to the sports for the wide spread extent of its faine, particularly to golf and pony polo, the goil links which are usually open all winter and the polo grounds at Georgian Court being unsurpassed. The hotels which have an aggregate capacity for more than three thousand guests afford accommodations equal to those in the big cities both in point of view of comfort and attractiveness. Although known as a society resort par excellence, the attractions of Lakewood are so diversified that it appeals to all lastes, and offers as much to those who seek reinxulion and rest as it does in a way of recreation and social pleasures. Full information concerning Lakewood including rates at the listels and boarding houses is given in the Lakewood booklet, published by the Central Hairand of New Jersey, which is to be had upon upplication to C. M. Burt, G. P. A., 18 Liberty Street, New York City.

On November 10th, the Cecilia Operetta Company of Boston will give a concert at the First .Presbyterian Church. Mr. Charles P. Scott, formerly of this city, but now of Boston, is manager of the company.

Miss Grace B. Gilpin has been visiting friends in Pawtucket the past

Mr. Shafter Howard, of Sau Francisco, has joined his wife in Newport, she having spent a portion of the summer in Newport, guest of her mother, Mrs. Thomas R. Hunter on Rhode Island

The T. Mumford Seabury Co. held its fall opening of shoes at the Mellen House in Fall River on Thursday.

Dr. Horace P. Beck is on a visit to the World's Fair.

To Buyers.

We have several properties for sale upon which no sign board is placed, this includes colluges and tenement properties as well as some house lots, and we believe we are able to get anything for a castomer which is for sale, as our experience has proven in the past. Particular attention paid to the details, our aim being to have everything satisfactory. Office open from nine until six.

SIMEON HAZARD,

A Parm of 24 Acres For Sale at \$2400.

I have for sule a good farm of 24 acres o land, with good i-room cottage, &c., for \$2800. This farm is situated on Connictor Island. a short distance from Jamestown. This place would make an excellent chicken and poultry farm. Call upon, or write to

A. O'D. TAYLOR,

REAL ESTATE AGENT. OFFICES-132 Bellevne Ävenue, Newport, and Narragamett Avenue, Jamestown.

Marriages.

13th Inst., by Rev. E. H. Porter, D. D. Charle Alonzo Straw, Jr., and Emina Kendall West, both of this city. At the Shiloh Baptist Church, 12th Inst., by Rev. Henry N. Jeter, D. D., Henry Lewis Allen and Jennie Eveline Grayson, both of this city.

Deaths.

In this city, 12th inst., Pardon S. Vurs, aged 4 years. In this city, 18th inst., Peter James Turner,

In this city, 18th Inst., Peter James Turner, aged 28 years.
In Jamestown, 8th Inst., Farmy Rondolph, wife of H. Audiey Clarke and daughler of the late Henry Wood, aged 71 years.
In New York, Cetober 10, Catherine, widow of John Goff of this city.
In Madison, N. J., 5th Inst., Rev. Dr. Samuel F. Upham, aged 70 years, 8 mooths.
In Providence, 18th Inst., Abby, widow of Daniel Jeraula, aged 88; 30th Inst., Abby A., widow of Henry B. Thomas, aged 85;9th Inst., Martha A. Thompson, aged 82.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Mr. Wrightington makes a specialty of BIYING SELLING AND LEASING real estate in Newport, Middletowu, Portsmouth and Aumestown, and alway: has some valuable building sites and furm properties on his books, which can be obtained on very favorable terms. Particular attention is paid to the collection of renis and care of property for out of town owners.

MORTGAGES are negotiated at a favorable rate of interest.

FIRE INSUSANCE policies placed on alkinds of insurable risks, at lowest rates, in strong companies. ALSO commissioner of deeds for New York and Massachusetts.

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CARTER'S

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who entire from this distressing complaint; but fortunity that goodness does not only hear, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head ACHE

others do not. Carier's Little Liver Pills are very small and

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Small Pill Small Down Small Price.

WEEKLY ALMANAC. STANDARD TIME.

Nuu | Sub | Moon | High Water rhees | sets | sets | Morn | Eve 8 | 10 | 5 | 21 | 10 | 50 | 1 | 12 | 18 6 | 11 | 6 | 19 | 11 | 45 | 1 | 10 | 6 | 1 | 23 6 | 13 | 5 | 18 | 10 | 11 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 25 6 | 14 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 41 | 8 | 90 | 3 | 21 6 | 16 | 5 | 16 | 1 | 36 | 3 | 52 | 4 | 11 6 | 16 | 5 | 12 | 32 | 4 | 58 | 4 | 57 8 | 17 | 5 | 12 | 32 | 32 | 5 | 5 | 37

f.ast Quarter 2d day, 8h. 52m., morning. New Moon, 9th day, 9h, 25m., morning. First Quarter, 18th day, 9h. 54m., morning. Full Moon, 2th day, 6h. 54m., morning. Last Quarter, 3tst day, 6h. 13m., evening.

Portsmouth.

Between forty and fifty young men of the town have organized a mounted company known as the Rough Riders' electing the following officers: Colonel, Arthur Sherman; eaptain, Mitton Dennis; first lieut, Herbert Brownell; first sergeaut, Frank Chase; second sergeant, Clifton Holman. They have already received their torches and are expecting their suits the first of the week. A received their forches and are expecting their suits the first of the week. A number of prominent citizeus of the town have promised financial assis-tance and many drill meetings have been held at the town hall.

Poultry thieving has been becoming so prevaient that a reward has been offered by the town for the apprehension, detention and conviction of any person or persons stealing poultry in this town. The same sum has also been offered in the event of anyone "breaking or enter-ing" illegally.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry I. Chase and Mrs. Herhert Chase who have been spending two weeks in Littleton, N. H., returned last Saturday.

The Rev. E. H. Macy and Miss Ruth Macy have been visiting in Brockton.

The new house recently completed near the car barn for Supt. Jones of the Newport & Providence road is ready for occupancy and the family is moving in. The East Side Whist Club met last

Tuesday evening at Oakland Hall, fil-ing six tables. The Social Whist of the Grange was held Wednesday evening of this week.

Mr. Frank Wheeler, who is about to remove from Quaker Hill, has pur-chased the grocery business of the lare Abner P. Lawton and intends to put up a cottage at Bristol Ferry upon land purchased from Mrs. Diana wat-sun at Eall River son of Fall River.

Mrs. Ella M. Slater has closed her home for the season at Bristol Ferry.

Mrs. Philip B. Chase is visiting her daughters Mrs. John Abbott and Mrs. Frank Fish in Taunton. It is expected that a large number of

candidates will appear before the board

at the Torpedo Station on November

1st, for the positions of boutswain, gunner and carpenter in the navy. Rev. Richard A.Greene was tendered a reception at Trinity Guild hall Fri-

day evening by the Walter Lowrie Club. The occasion was a most enjoy-Mr. and Mrs. William H. Allen and

daughter have gone to New York for the winter.

SHORTEST AND BEST LINE **⊢**T0--

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BOOTS & SHOES, 214 Thames Street,

NEWPORT, R. I.

RUSSIANS RETIRE

Pursuit Said to Be Working Havoc to Dispirited Army

JAPS' VICTORY ASSURED

London Critics Think Kuropatkin Shot His Bolt Well Toward the Mark, but Missed It Badly and Has Suffered Defeat

Tokio, Oct. 14 .-- It is yet too early to measure the results of the tremendous struggle which has been waged for the past three days south of Mukden, but all reports reaching Tokio indicate that General Kuropatkin has been decisively whipped and severely pun-The Russian commander was evidently caught while making his dispositions with his forces scattered and he was beaten before he could recover.

The Japanese have begun a desperate effort to turn the Russian right and if this effort should be successful, it will carry disaster to the Russian arms. Estimates of the total forces engaged

vary. One telegram from Liaovang says that the Russians have 200,000 men, with 1000 guns. The Japanese force exceeds the number engaged at the battle of Lizoyang.

The pursuit by the Japanese is working great havoe to the dispirited Russians, who left their dend and wounded in heaps on the field in terrific rains. The fighting is the most severe and terrible of the whole war.

London, Oct. 14.—No appreciable progress has been made in the projected advance southward of the Russian army under General Kuropatkin since the initial success of the movement in the capture of Bentiaputse. Fighting of the most stubborn de-scription continues along practically the entire front.

Field Marshal Oyama reports the capture of 30 guns from the Russians and claims distinct successes in forcing the Russians to retire from some of their advanced positions.

General Kuropatkin's report to Emperor Nicholas is couched in guarded terms and claims nothing in the way of accomplished results.

Reports from the Russian military commander at Port Arthur show that the Japanese have brought a shell fire to bear upon the inner fortress. The garrison, however, is represented to be hopeful of the outcome of the siege.

The London papers have to rely mainly upon official reports for news of the far east; but on dispatches thus far received regard a complete Japanese victory as assured and editoralize entirely from this point of view. Says The Daily Telegraph:

"General Kuropatkin has shot his bolt. It seemed to be speeding well to wards the mark, yet has missed it badly. He suffered not merely a repulse, but a disastrous defeat, while Japan's incomparable army, under incomparable generals, have added another glorious page to their chronicle of war and proved that Oyama is still Kuropatkin's master in every branch of the art of war."

The baily Graphic describes Kuro-putkin's move as a "gambler's throw" and considers that the frank blantness of his report to the emperor seems to speak the language of a man who has done his best with the bungling advice of some superior agency.

The Standard finds Kuropatkin's dispatch full of tragic meaning, while The Doily News argues that the Russian dash southward was prompted by desperate desire to relieve Port Arthur rather than to Viceroy Alexieff's malign influence, the end of which in case of the full of the fortress, cannot be far distant.

Report From Kuropatkin

St. Petersburg, Oct. 14. -General Kuropatkin reports that during the fighting Wednesday and yesterday the advance troops were reinforced from the principal positions; that last evening the left wing was ordered to fall back on the main position and that about 2 p. m. the centre 'also was obliged to fall back. The report does not mention the fighting on the right wing.

Kuropatkin Acring Under Pressure

London, Oct. 12.—The English papers are still discussing what they regard as General Kuropatkin's inexplicable change of pan of campaign and with the increasing conviction, that now is shared by most of the European critics, that it is due to pressure from St. Petersburg.

Stoessel Cannot Hold Out Long

London, Oct. 11.—The Morning Post's Shanghai correspondent says it is stated that Lieutenant General Steessel before December he must surrender.

Failure of Leather Merchant

Boston, Cet. 13 .- Walter S. Keens Stoneham, leather merchant, has filed a petition in bankruptey. Habilities are scheduled at \$252,782. The assets are placed at \$11.615, representing real estate for \$11,500. bulk of the liabilities represents accommodation paper.

Milner Resigns Commissionership London, Oct. 12.-Lord Milner has resigned the high commissionership of Bouth Africa on account of ill-health, brought about by the prolonged strain in grappling with the situation, which is daily becoming more difficult, owing to the financial and racial troubles of the country.

Five Naval Men Drowned

Pensacols, Fla., Oct. 10.—Two petty officers, two firemen and an oller in the navy were drowned in Pensacola bay by the capsizing of a sailboat in which they were returning from Pensacola to the navy yard. The boat contained nine men. A squall overturned the boat and four were rescued by a crew from the gunboat Vixen.

CRANE FOR SENATOR

Ex-Governor Accepts Appointment Tendered by Bates Boston, Oct. 13.—Ex-Governor Wintbrop M. Crans of Dulton has been appointed by Governor Bates United

States senator, to succeed the late Course F. Hour of Worsester | Mr. e has accepted the appointment, Quite a number have thought that Governor Bates would name ex-Gov ernor Long. There is no question that Long is held in great esteem and affection by very many people. With Long in the senate Massachusetts would have two orators there. With Ledge and Crane there she would have one orator and one keen business man. who is closely in touch with great and controlling influences all over the country. Governor Bates also has a strong liking for Attorney General Moody, who is also an excellent speaker and a sharp debater. But, taking it all in all, and looking at the question from every point of view, Crane's appointment seemed to the governor the

most appropriate to be made. Hence it was made and accepted. Trying to Trace \$5000 in Checks

Winsted, Conn., Oct. 14.—The Washington authorities have sent an official here to investigate the loss of two let-ters containing checks valued at about \$5000. The letters were mailed at station A and were addressed to the First National, bank and were from the Hurlburt National bank. Since they were deposited in the postoffice nothing has been seen of them. The letters should have been taken to station B in a mail wagon, but never reached that station, according to the bank officials.

Mrs Ostrout Is Acquitted

Newport, Vt., Oct. 12,-The jury in the case of Mrs. Rose Ostrout, charged with the murder of Amelia Hoyt, ren-dered a verdict of not guilty. Mrs. Hoyt was a pauper, and by arrangement with the authorities of the fown of Westfield lived with Mrs. Ostrout in that town. Mrs. Ostrout was accused of leaving caused her death by depriying her of food, exposing her to inelement weather and striking her.

Man of 93 Weds Woman of 62

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 11.-After a ccurtship of a week, Wold Berenson, aged 93, and Mrs. Annie M. Goldman, uged 62, were married last night at the home of the bride by Rabbi Silver. Rerenson has living seven children, 63 grandchildren. 17 great-grandchildren and one great-great-grandchild. The bride has living five children and 28 grandchildren. The family circle complete numbers 124 people.

Launching of the Georgia

Bath, Me., Oct. 12.—The largest ves-sei ever built in Maine, the twin-screw, first-class battleship Georgia, was launched from the plant of the Bath Iron works at 1:53 p. m. yesterday. As she started down the ways she was christened with champagne by Miss Stella Tate, a descendant of the famous Byrd family of Georgia. The launching was attended by excursionists from all sections of Maine.

Keeping Agreement Intact

Fall River, Mass., Oct. 13.—There is no change in the strike situation, the mills which had been expected to open having abandoned the plan. It is not generally known that certain mills are ready to open to test the sentiment of the operatives, but pressure has been brought to bear to keep the early agreement intact, with the view to opening all the mills together.

Fatal Stabbing Affray

New Haven, Oct. 13.-Frank Fandello, 28 years old, and Antonio Londobardi got in a quarrel on a street corner last night and came to blows, Fandello finally drawing a knife and plunging it into Londoburdi's breast. The latter died shortly afterward. The police found no trace of the murderer and fear that he managed to get out of

Naval Collier a Smuggler

Norfolk, Oct. 14.-A seizure by customs officials at this port of Turkish and Persian goods valued at thousands of dollars, which were brought here from Europe by the naval collier Hannibal, has created a sensation in naval circles. The matter is now in the bands of the secretary of the navy for investigation.

Sawer Death Costs \$3500

Boston, Oct. 13.-Michael Moran, administrator of Francis Woods of Chelsea, was awarded \$3500 in the third session of the superior court in an ac-tion against the city of Chelsea. The deceased was engaged in a sewer when a cave-in occurred, injuring him so as to cause his death.

The Burial of Payne

Milwaukee, Oct. 10.—Henry C. Payne was burled in Forest Home cemetery after 25,000 persons had viewed the body lying in state at the city hall. The full Episcopallan services for the dead were read at All Saints Episcopal church. The services at the grave were private.

Snowstorm Wakes Up Nimrods

Barre, Vt., Oct. 14 .-- Vermont has encountered the first snowstorm of the season. It was an unprecedented happening here for this season of the year. The sudden advent of wintry conditions was the signal for many hunters to go into the woods for the rabbit and the

To Probe State Institutions

Montpelier, Vt., Oct. 12.-The Vermont legislature passed a resolution instructing a special committee to investigate all the state institutions to learn whether or not the charges made during the fell campaign are true.

What It Costs to Feed Our Army Washington, Oct. 13.—The annual report of Commissary General Weston of the army says the total cost of feeding the army during the past ascal year was \$8,281,750. During the year the losses were \$555,970, from which is to be deducted \$85,980, the proceeds of sales at nuctions of damaged and deteriorated stores, etc.

MOTIVEUNKNOWN

Brutal Murder of Woman In Street of Charlottetown

HEAD ALMOST SEVERED

Had Been Battered in With Axe Found at Scene of Crime--Ex-Convict From Boston Suspected as the Perpetrator

Charlotteown, P. E. I., Oct. 14.-- During the height of a terrific wind and rainstorm, and in the inky darkness last alght, a shocking murder was committed on one of the public streets of this city. The victim was Miss Lillian Warren, aged 40 years, whose body, lying in a pool of blood, was stambled across by some persons proceeding homeward. Her head was almost severed and life had been extinct for some

Soon after the discovery of the murder William Power, who is supposed to have been recently in the state prison at Charlestown, Mass., was arrested by the police on suspicion of baving committed the crime. The murder is one of the most brutal in the annals of this province, the excitement is great and the feeling against the prisoner is intense.

On account of the storm, the streets were almost described and the crime was not discovered until a long time after it had been committed. Some persons passing along Pownall street saw an object lying in a half crouching position on the ground and on advancing toward it found it to be a woman. They tried to arouse her, but failed, and on lighting a mater a ghastly sight met their gaze, the woman's head besing battered in, and the neck almost severed in twain, while a blood-stained axe beside the body told the

story of the horrible deed.

The scene of the crime was only a short distance from the city hospital and not more than 200 yards from the jail. The woman's clothing indi-cated that she had made a desperate fight before death and evidently did not give up the struggle until felled by blows from the axe. The body was removed to the city hospital and the coroner and police were at once notified.

The police at once were suspicious of Power, who had been seen early in the evening lurking about the neighborhood, and as his character was known to be not of the best they at once sought him. He was found at the residence of a relative and arrested. It is said that blood spots were discovered on his clothing. The prisoner only arrived here Tuesday alght from Boston, and it was reported in this city that he had been serving a term in the Massachusetts state prison.

Miss Warren was a seamstress, and she was not seen alive after leaving her place of employment at 7 o'clock last night. The police have so far been unable to find any motive for the crime. Miss Warren bore an excellent reputation, and as far as known had no previous acquaintance with Power.

The victim could not have made any

great outcry or the hospital officials or police would have heard it. At midnight the police arrested

Henry Palmer, who is thought to know something about the crime. Another report says that it was in the state asylum in Massachusetts that Power was confined. He came here on the steamer Halifax last Tuesday night.

Wound Un With Sulcise

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 10, Judson Strong, the wealthy real estate man, who was shot by Ur. E. J. Belt Satur-day night when Belt was in a crazy fit, is in a very critical condition. There is immediate danger of secondary nemorrhage from the wounds. In his face and mouth, and grave danger of blood poisoning. Belt committed sulcide by taking carbolic acid after the shooting. He had previously tried to kill Miss Amelia Immas, to whom he was soon to be wedded.

Record Day at Fish Wharves

Boston, Oct. 11.-Although the continued spell of bad weather has almost been the undoing of the fishers, and there appeared to be no prospect lu sight of gathering good fares for the market, there arrived yesterday a fleet of 43 vessels, with 1,469,400 pounds, the largest quantity of fresh fish ever to be unloaded at the pier on any single day of the year.

Touched Hearts and Pocketbooks

New York, Oct. 10.-Rev. A. B. Simpson, the evangelist, raised more than \$70,000 in cash and pledges at the Tabernacle yesterday, where he preached his annual missionary sermon, the principal event of the 23rd annual convention of the Christian and Missionary alliance. One of the largest contributions was paid in uve crisp \$1000 bills.

Automobile Killed Instructor

Cambridge, Mass., Oct. 11.--Judge Almy held Leon Strauss for the grand jury and placed his ball at \$1000. Strauss is charged with manslaughter in causing the death of Arthur D. Wyman by running over him with his automobile. The victim was an instructor at Harvard and Strauss is a student.

Stallion Brought \$70,000 at Auction New York, Oct. 11.-Hamburg, the famous stallion, was sold last night to Harry P. Whitney for \$70,000. sale took place at Madison Square garden, where the entire racing atud of the late W. C. Whitney was put up at auction. Whitney also bid in the stallion Sandringham for \$14,000.

Settled in Five flounds

Louis, Oct. 14.—In a fight last night for the title of featherweight championship of the world, Tommy Sullivan was given the decision over Ave Attell in the fifth round of what was to have been a 20-round contest. Attell went out with a low upper to the

INTERESTS OF LABOR

Ehurches Urged to Exercise More Influence in Problem Boston, Oct. 14.—There was a public

meeting in Faneuil half last night under the auspices of "The Church Association for the Advancement of the Iuterests of Labor." Rev. F. J. C. Moran of New York told of the work done by the association in connection with the sweat system and "open shop" in New York, after which he stated that he was satisfied that for the health of the public, for good hours and good wages, the closed shop was essential to the

tailoring trade.
Rev. Dr. Peters of New York sald that the church ought to be laterested in labor problems and that practical work could be done effectively only through organization. The trade unions he believed to be strong mediums for bringing about the brotherhood of men. He urged the clergy to exhibit a more active interest in labor problems.

Bishop Brent of the Philippines aroused applause by this declaration: "If the closed shop means the exclusion of child labor and a fair wage for a fair day's work, there is not a single one of our cloth who does not sub-scribe to it."

Resolutions were adopted calling upon capital and labor to employ in labor difficulties that conciliation which is in the interests of peace, and that in case of failure to evolve some authoritative system of arbitration.

Changed a Confederate Bill

Boston, Oct. 14.—Ludwig Kopp of Manchester, N. II., came to Boston and before he had been long in the city he met a stranger who was most persuasive in conversation. They went to gether to a restaurant near the North station, and after their meal was over the newly found acquaintance started to pay the charges. He had only a \$100 bill, which the cashier couldn't change. Kopp wanted to be accommodating, changed the bill, and a little federate \$100 hill and a tale of woe.

Beyond Reach of Ald

Chatham, Mass., Oct. 14.-A lerrific sen the result of a three days' northeaster, drove onto Chatham outer bar at 8 o'clock last night an unknown three-masted schooner, which the life savers were unable to reach, and which they fear will go to pieces. The vessel had lights in the cabin when she struck the bar, but the life savers were unable to get any response to their halls, nor any answers to their signals.

Charged With Perjury

Boston, Oct. 14.-Walter P. Chapin was arraigned here on an indictment warrant charging perjury in two counts. It is alleged that Chapin appeared before Baff Commissioner Seigliano and gave bonds of \$4000 for Abraham Parnes. Chapin swore he owned property 'valued at \$6000, but this statement is alleged to be false. He was remanded to jail in \$6000 bonds to awalt trial.

Admits Theft of Wool

Providence, Oct. 14.—W. L. Trucs-dell, who was accused by Charles F. Fenner, recently arrested in Worcester, charged with receiving stolen goods, of being the sender of wool stolen from the Spring Lake mills in Washington, R. L., pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing wool valued at \$1700 from Albert H. Estes. He was released on ball.

To Aid Fall River Strikers

New London, Conn., Oct. 14.-The Connecticut Federation of Labor endorsed the cause of the striking textile workers at Fall River, and appropriated \$200 to assist the strikers. The delegates were also instructed to secure such other assistance as could be given.

Suicide With Deadly Acid

Wallingford, Conn., Oct. 14.--Mrs Florence Rima swallowed a large dose of carbolic acid last night on the steps of the Wailingford hotel and died a few moments later. She was but 26 years old and worked with her husband at the town farm. Despondency is said to have been the cause.

Can't Agree on to Divorce

Boston, Oct. 14.—During a two hours' debate on the divorce question by the house of deputies of the Epis-copal general convention both sides appeared to be as far apart as ever and predictions are freely made final action will be taken at this time.

For \$40,000 Missionary Fund New Haven, Oct. 14.-Missionary tidings from other lands were given to the delegates at the closing session of the New England branch of the Women's Foreign Missionary society, and the branch voted to raise \$40,000 the coming year for the cause.

Postroom Keeper Punished

New Haven, Oct. 14.—John A. Mc-Kee, a bookseller of this city, pleaded guilty to the charge of keeping a poolroom in which gaming was done contrary to law, and was sentenced to the county Jail for two months and fined \$150 on each of six counts.

Killed in Sower Trench

Waterbury, Vt., Oct. 14.—Edward Farrar, 60 years old, while superin-tending the construction of a sewer was in a trench 15 feet deep, when the earth caved in on top of him. Before the workmen succeeded in reaching Farrar he was dead.

Firebug at York Beach

York, Me., Oct. 14.-The third fire within a week at York beach has aroused the property owners there and watchmen have been engaged to patrol the district night and day. Owners believe all three fires were the work of an incendiary.

Hotel to Cost Ten Millions

Chicago, Oct. 14.—The News says that Chicago is to have the largest hotel in the world. It will cost \$10,000,000, be 22 stories high and dwarf in size and magnificence, it is promised, any structure of the kind ever erected. The hotel will stand on Michigan

Industrial

Trust Company. Capital - - \$1,500,000

' Surplus and Profits \$1,500,000 Participation or Savings Account.

Moneys deposited on or before November 15th draw interest from November 1st. Dividends February and August. The rate of interest at present paid upon this account is FOUR per cent.

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Electric Supplies.

NOTICE 1

Under the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly passed at the Janary Session 1898 amending the charter of this bank NOTICE is hereby given that in July next this bank will pay in dividends upon all deposits of two thousand dollars or less at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and upon all in the excess

of two thousand dollars at the rate of 3 i-2 per cent. per annum.

All deposits for charitable purposes will be entitled to the higher rate of interest.

Newport, R. i., April 32d, 1904—3-14-10w

O. P. TAYLOR, Treas.

Old Colony Street Railway Co

Electric Lighting. Electric Power.

Residences and Stores Furnished with Electricity at lowest rates.

449 to 455 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.

PURE CALIFORNIA HONEY, Hecker's Buckwheat. AUNT JEMIMA'S PANCAKE FLOUR, Karo Corn Syrup.

If you are satisfied with the Coffee you are using don't try our

LAKE'S CORNER BRAND.

S. S. THOMPSON.

174 to 176 BROADWAY.

FALL SEASON IN

MILLINERY

SCHREIER'S 143 Thames St.

COMPLETE STOCK

Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats

Felt, Velvet, Chenille and Beaver. CHOICE NOVELTIES. HEADQUARTERS FOR

Velvets, Plush, Ostrich Feathers and Velvet Flowers.

SPECIALIES IN VEILINGS. Everything in the line found here. As usual we lead.

WE MAKE AND PUT UP

AWNINGS

Porch Shades

W. C. COZZENS & CO.,

138 Thames Street.

Discharged a Cargo of Pittston W. A. Stove and Egg. BRIGHT AND CLEAN.

A Splendid Coal for Winter Use.

This Pittston Coal is highly recommended by our customers as giving satisfaction everywhere. Try a fon and be convinced.

The Gardiner B. Reynolds Co., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Telephone No. 222-2 and 222-3.

Will Carleton the puet and lecturer, was lecturing to a western city several years ago, when on leaving the platform he was accosted by a pleasant, shabby looking old woman.

"Mr. Carleton," she said, "I want to ask a great favor. Will you give me the bandkerchief you carried while you lectured this evening?"

"Why, what on earth do you want

"Why, what on earth do you want that for?" "I am very poor, Mr. Carleton," she said "and if you give me that handkereblef I think I can live on it

Mr. Carleton stared. "A year! You shall certainly have

And the old weman retired with the And the old we man retried with the handkerelief, profusely thanking him. Later Mr. Carleton learned that she had embroidered his name on it and "raffled" it so extensively that she did make reveral hundred dollars, enough to keep her for a year.

Howells Not an Authority.

Mr. Hamilton Mable tells a genial dispute with reference to the words "lunch" and "luncheon" that once Arose between Mr. and Mrs. William

Dean Howells, The novelist contended that "lunch" was proper, while his wife favored "luncheon." Finally the dictionary was consulted. "Well, I was right," chuckled Mr. Howells when he had found the reference, and he read aloud an extract quoted as showing the cor-

"We lunched fairly upon little dishes of rose leaves delicately prepared."
"From what author is the extract taken?" queried Mrs. Howells.
"William Dean Howells," was the

emiling reply.

"Tut, tut," exclaimed the wife.
"He's no authority."—New York
Heraid.

A Good Cement.

A capital cement for broken chin^a and brica-brac that can be made at home is obtained by mixing half an ounce of gum arabic with half a teacupful of boiling milk and adding enough plaster paris to produce a creamy paste. To use successfully have the pieces that are to be mended warm and amply the cement warm with a and apply the cement warm with a small brush. Objects repaired with this cement have to be set aside for a week before they can be used, but after that they can be washed in either warm or cold water with safety. Soak-ing, however, they will not stand.

So Mother--So Son.

Vincent was altogether too garrulous in school to please his teachers. Such punishment as the institution allowed to be meted out were tried without any apparent effect upon the boy until at last the Head Master decided to mention the lad's fault upon his monthly

report.
So the next report to his father had these words: "Vincent talks a great deal."

Back came the report by mail duly signed, but with this written in red ink, under the comment: "You ought to hear his mother."

Proof Positive.

Sunday-school Superintendent" Who led the children of Israel into Canaan? Will one of the smaller boys answer?" No reply. Superintendent (somewhat sternly):

Superintendent (somewhat sternty):
"Can no one tell? Little boy on that
seat next to the aisle, who led the
children of Israel into Cansan?"
Little boy (badly frightened): "It
wasn't me. 'I—I inst moved yere last
week, I'm Mizzoury."

When Pussy Bolled.

"Come here, right away, quick," shouted Louise aged three, to her mother. "Pussy is going to make ten."
"What makes you think so?" asked her mother.

"What makes 100 her mother. Pointing to the cat, who was purr-ing loudly, Louise said: "Listen, mother, she's now beginning to boil."

Foxy Satan.

Mother-So you have been at that jam again, Adolphus!

Jam again, Adolphus!

Bou—The cupboard door came open
of itself, mother, and I thought—
Mother—Why didn't you say, "Get
thee behind me, Satan?"

Son—So I did, mother, and he went
and pushed me right in.—Brooklyn
Life.

No Wonder.

"Is Bojum poor?"
"I guess not. Why?"
"He told me he felt poor every time he bought an outfit of clothing for his children."

"I should think he would. He has fourteen children."—Cleveland Plain

The Sport all Gone.

Noab eighted land. "There isn't any fun in it," he de-clared. "We smuggled lots of stuff, but there's nobody to prevent." The zest departed, they listlessly un-loaded.—New York Tribune.

His Sense of Touch.

"Some men have the sense of touch developed to an extent that is little short of phenomenal."
"Yes, indeed! There's Closeboy, for instance. Pve known him to say be hadn't a cent before I opened my lins."

Instructor (at night school)—What are the chief curses of American civili-

Shaggy-haired Pupil - Bout the same as the English, only we use 'emmore freely in our common talk than they do. You don't expect me to blurt em out, do you?-Chicago Tribune.

Mormon's Wife—I tell you, my place is by my husband's side if he is dying, I should be there.

Doctor—I know, madam, but all the best places are taken. Couldn't you

best places are taken. Couldn't you drop in again?—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Husband-You are not economi-

Wife-Well, if you don't call a woman economical who saves her weeding dress for a possible second marriage, I'd like to know what you think eco-nomy is like.—Glasgow Times.

Reflections of a Bachelor

It's real convincing the way a girl can pretend she is not pretending. It seems a whilly told to a nice girl to let a man kies her under a full moon. In a political campaign the devil hardly has to lift his hand to get a humber crop.

hardly has to lift his hand to get a bumper crop.

A woman takes pride in thinking how proud she would be if she had anything to be proud of.

It's mighty funny how queerly a girl is built who is not allowed to dress the way she wants to.

Some men are so domesticated they look pleasant when they find the cook's hair in the butter.

About the time a most thinks he has learned all about running his automo-

learned all about running his automobile it is due to blow up on hun.—Now York Press.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Honesty is much counterfeited poli-

The man who exacts payment of a debt on the hour seldom settles on the same basis.

Many a man gets down on his knees in his wife's presence—to look for a lost collar button.

lost collar button.

When a girl has a perfect monopoly of a young man she ought to be satisfied with her trust stock.

His satanic majesty grins when a woman goes to church for the purpose of displaying her new clothes.

The wise man hopes for the best, prepares for the worst and swallows the dose fate ladles out to him with a cheerful grin.—Chicago News.

What He Would Like.

The office boy put the waste basket

down.
"I would like," said he, with one eye
on the baseball rehedule, "to go to a
funeral today, Mr. Cranke.
"You won't though," replied the

"You won; money, cold hearted boss, "I know it," said the office boy, "but I would like to, just the same."
"Whose funeral?" asked Mr.

Cranke, "Yours," replied the office boy.
Then the door closed hastily between them .-- Puck.

Provoking Blunder.

They were rehearsing their parts in

They were rehearsing their parts in an amateur drama.

"Oh, I beg your pardou," said Herbert, looking at the book agam. "I kissed you at the wrong place."

"Isn't that too bad!" exclaimed Amelia. "Now, we'll have to do it all over again."—From the Chicago Tribune.

A Prudent Youngster.

"And you say the teacher whipped

"Yes, dad."
"Show me the marks."
"I can't, dad. Ther marks."
"No marks." There ain't roo

"No marks?"
"No, dad. You see, I was dressed for it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

An Obliging Husband.

Two little girls were playing "mam-

"Oh, Mrs. Smith, you have two very pretty children," said one of them, looking at the two dolls which her little frieud was holding in her lay. "And you nurse them both? It must

"And you turse them nother to must be very troublesome."
"O'1, no," replied the mother. "I nurse only one of them. My husband nurses the other."—Lippincolt's Magazine,

Folded In.

"Madge, Harry asked me to marry bim last pight.

him last night,"
"Oh, I am delighted," replied her friend. "How did it happen?"
"Well, you see, he just asked me, and I said 'Yes', and then he stood up and

18.1d 'Yes', and then he stood up and folded his arms.

"Well, I never! Wus he not more interested than that? Whatever did you do at such treatment?"

"What could you do? You see, I was in his arms when he folded them,"

Impossible.

Tommy was telling his mother about the wonderful things he saw at the country fair. When he claimed to have seen a monster pig that was bigger than his father his mother accused him of exaggerating.

"It is impossible," she said.—New York Press.

Mrs. Delaucey—"Man are so apt to jump at conclusions. Last night my husband acted awfully because he im-

agined be had stepped on a tack."

Mrs. MacKenzie—"What was it?"

Mrs. Delancey—"Only a hat pin."—

Woman's Home Companion.

The One Essential.

"I helieve," said the sanguine, but visionary inventor, "if I only had time I could make a successful flying ma-

"Of course you could make it all right if you had plenty of time. Time flies you know."—Philadelphia Led-

"Is she lacking in tact as a bost

ess;"
"Is she lacking in tact? She's the kind that would ask Bishop Potter to take Carrie Nation to dinner."—Life.

"What's Biffkins doing? "Taking it easy."
"Out of a job?"

-working for the city."-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Gritty George-Well, dere's one thing lady, I never drink durin' work-in' hours.

The Lady-I'm so glad to hear it,

my poor man, Gritty George—No'm; I haven't any workin' hours, — Philadelphia Bulle-

Willie—Are there any mermaids at the bottom of the sea, Captain Whoppers? Captain Whoppers-Ra-ather, Willie,

There's a woman at the bottom of every The Chick-What's the matter?

The Duckling-You'd cry, too, if your ma made you wear overshoes when you went swimming.—Leslie's Weekly.

SHIES AT NECRO ISSUE

Parker Refuses to Discuss Constitutional Point and Shows

His Annoyance.

'Said Letter Covered the Issue, but That Reference Does Not Reach the Natro.

[From the New York Tribune, Oct. 4.] This inquiry was made of ex-Judge Parker last night:

"In view of the activity of the Parker Constitution ciula da you believe that colored voters should be allowed to enjoy the voting privileges which the federal constitution guarantees them?

Ex-Judge Parker's reply was: of cannot answer that question. I refuse to be interviewed, and I won't be interviewed. If you have done me the honor to read my letter of accentance you will find that that point has been covered."

When squarely faced by the question, "Do you believe that colored voters should be allowed to enjoy the vot-Ing privileges which the reacrast constitution guarantees them?" Judge Parker shows signs of annoyance and refuses to answer. Then he tries to get away from the issue by saying, "If ing privileges which the federal conyou have done me the honor to read my letter of acceptance you will find

that that point has been covered." Anybody who reads that letter of acceptance will find the point "covered" precisely as Judge Parker covered it in his address in Georgia on the four-teenth amendment, which led the New

York Evening Post to declare:
"For him the great bulwark of the suffrage, with the penalties laid down for discrimination against any class in its exercise, simply did not exist. If wholly to avoid the burning question of the day is to show yourself fit for the presidency, then Judge Parker's address should have sensibly advanced his candidaev."

Judge Parker's letter contains nothing that comes within reaching distance of being an unequivocal declaration for the protection of the negro's constitutional rights. He demands their legal rights for citizens in a paragraph which is a bid to the naturalized voters, having evident reference to their treatment in their native lands. and can never be thought of for a moment as referring to the negro, though the judge may perhaps attempt to find cover under it. On the other hand, he has described as "admirable" a platform which denounces even the discussion of plans to safeguard the negro's constitutional rights. Now he does not dare say he stands for them. and no wonder. Gorman, the Maryland nullifier, is here as his campaign director and money raiser. But, in view of this latest act of timidity with respect to the negro and his evident willingness to see the constitution nullified in the south, we once more ask the New York Evening Post if at the bottom of its heart it does not feel about this trimmer as it felt last year at the his Georgia speech, when it said of bim: "Can a man named as our next president' agree to such a local nullification of national laws? If he cun, he is not fit to be president

PINCHED THE VETERANS.

next year or any year."

the Democrats Economized When They Had a Chance.

Editorial in the New York Tribune, Oct. 11, 1893.] The Hou. Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, has sent in his estimates for the next fiscal year, ending June 80, 1895, wherein he makes it appear that in his opinion an aggregate of \$176,779,134.26 is needed for the several branches of the public service under his control. He seems somewhat proud of the fact that this is a decrease from last year of \$3,308,496.18, the total then being \$180,087,630,44. he omits to call public attention to the suggestive fact that he gets all and more than all of his apparent sav**ng out of the pension hureau. His es** timates show a decrease for pensions of \$5,000,000. Further than that, he wants an increase of \$1,000,000 for examining surgeons, \$100,000 for clerk hire and \$300,000 for expenses of inrestigation. This is a total of \$1,400,-000 which he must have in order to cut down the pensions to the extent of \$5,000,000, and the secretary proposes to make the old soldiers pay it all.

DAVIS ON THE RACE ISSUE.

An Unwise and Untrue Utterance.

[From the Boston Herald, Dem.] In only one matter does he (Mr. Davis) undertake more than was unfertaken by his chief. We refer the paragraph in which he alludes to "the rehabilitation by the Republican party of a disappearing race issue." The issue has not been rehabilitated by the Republican party. The Republican party was doing nothing to bring it into prominence again, when the Democratic party of the southern states set about its new crusade against the polored citizens in the southern states, depriving them of the suffrage which they had enjoyed under the laws, national and state, since these states were restored to the Union upon their express acceptance of the war amendments to the constitution of the United States as the basis of the relations of the races in their borders, and practically depriving them of the right to office or receive employment in antional or local administrations.

Possibly.

Miss Askerman—"Mr. Nuptul, the widower, has been married twelve times."

Miss Hopeser—"Why don't he mar-

ry again?"

Miss Askerman—"Probably he is superstitious."—Woman's Home Com-

Republican Sucress Guarantees the Welfare of the Island Pospies, When the presidential election is over

and the status of the Philippines is more certain, if the danger of tyranuy and chaos following our retirement or the disturbance of peace by any promise of independence has been obviated. millions of capital will flow to the islands to develop their great resources. The Republicans have made no declaration as to future independence, but the Democrats have promised it. The former left the question of the future relation of the islands to our government to a time when it can be better dechied, refusing to listen to the theories of the inexperienced and following the advice of those who have on the spot sought to solve the problem. Having the responsibility of government the administration is content with governing the islands well, teaching the natives by example the art of government and permitting them to participate in the conduct of their affairs so far as they are capable. This gives the conservatives a sense of security and prevents the radicals from being agitated by a pledge of independ ence that cannot be near at hand. It brings peace with its accompanying good order.

We have only made the beginning, but it is highly creditable. Further legislation is required to encourage commerce and to carry out the plans of development. We seem to have begun well, but we may have erred and should, perhaps, have followed the British policy. So far, however, there is nothing to indicate that we have erred or to warrant us in departing from the ideal of the "Philippines for the Filipinos," which guides our preseut work in the far Pacific.

WHY A PROTECTIONIST!

Rensons Given For Their Faith by Prominent Publicists.

Hon. D. B. Henderson, former speaker of the house of representatives:
"First.—Because the civilized world substantially protects itself, thus forcing us to protect ourselves.

"Second.—Because all the conditions of men and of women in this country are better than in other countries, and protection is needed to preserve our happler conditions.

Third. Because I want labor to get the best possible wages for its efforts. "Fourth. - Because I want agriculture to find a near, sure and rich market. "Fifth.—Because I want to keep the capital and labor of this country all actively employed, each helping the other."

The late Hon, George F. Hoar, United States senator from Massachusetts "I am a protectionist because I think by that policy the workmen of America will be well paid and not under-

"Because I think by that policy the variety of industry will be created here which will make America strong in peace and in war,
"Because the industries so fostered will develop the skill and brain power of my countrymen and raise the peo-ple of the United States to the first

rank in intelligence among the nations of the earth. "Because that policy has already made us the richest and strongest nation on earth, and under a properly re-stricted immigration will bring to us much that is most valuable in the pop-

The lance Remains.

ulation of other lands."

[From the New York Globe.] It is as true now as the campaign enters upon its closing month as it was at the outset that there is only one issue in the canvass, Shall we have a change? In other words, shall the country continue for four years longer in the policy it has pursued during the past eight years or shall it enter upon a new and uncertain policy? Nobody can say that there is anything experimental or uncertain about what the Republicans offer. They "stand pat," saying through their platform and candidate. "If you wish to know what our future will be, look at our past." Neither can anybody say that there is anything except uncertainty about what the Democrats offer. What their policy is they themselves do not know. All that they promise is a change, and that in itself is a pledge to unsettle existing conditions—that is,

The Friend of Labor.

to bring about uncertainty.

ardy?

[From the Post-Express.]
Will organized labor be wise enough and bold enough in its own cause cast its influence for a president who has proved beyond peradventure that he is not the creature of organized capital and who in taking that cours has put his political fortunes in Jeop-

Harmony and Reciprocity.

oh, happy outcome
Harmony
Twist William J.
And Alton B.;
The cross of gold
Held up today
By Alton B.
And William J.
It's mighty tough
On William J.
But as he syunts But as he grunts And tuge away And tuge away
His soul may soak
In harmony
Foured oft on him
By Alton B.
Oh. happy outcome—
Is there bliss
This side of heaven
More than this?
Breathes there a man
Who would have bet
They'd get together
With this get?
And still it is
No more than right, And still it is
No more than right,
Because in nineteen hundred's
Losing fight
A vote was cast
By Alton B,
For William J.

And harmony.

—W. J. Lampton. A Half Too Often.

He-"Yes, I inherited all my rich uncle's money, thanks to his passion for travel." She-"But what had that to do with He-"Every thing. He crossed the ocean nineteen and a balf times."—Woman's Home Companion.

FUTURE OF THE PHILIPPINES

Preach Republic (Property). Did it Ever Boost to You, When a Man Asks for Yield,

DOES HE GET IT? The only Genuine **VICHY** is sold in bottles, and NOT in syphons.

New Many of You Brink Real Vichy-VICHY CELESTINS

If it is Not Celestins, it is Not Vichy.



FOR NEW YORK, the South and West. STEAMERS

PRISCILLA and PURITAN

in complision. A fine orchestra on each LEAVE NEWPORT—Week days and Sundays, at \$25 p. m. Returning from New York Steamers leave Pier 19, North River, fool of Warren Street, week days and Rundays, at \$20 p. m. due at Newport 2:55 a. Baseling there at \$25 n. m., for Fall River, For Itelestand staterooms apply at New York & Buston Despairh Express office, 272 Thames street, J. I. Greene, Ticket Agent, M. TAYLOR, General Pass' Agent, N. Y. H. O. NICKERSON, Supt. New York, C. C. Gardner, Agent, Newport, R. L.

Providence, Fall River & Newport Steamboat Company.

After Oct. 1, and until further notice, passenger service from Providence will be discontinued.

Steamer leaving Newport at 18.65 A. M. for Bristol and Providence will accommodate passengers.

Fare 25 Cents.

Fare from Newport to Bristol, 15c. All freight from Providence must be on harf, 198 South Water street, (foot of ower street) at 2.30 P. M., to insure shipment ama day. willship,
Power street; at 2.30 P. M., to insure the same day.
Stop at Prudence Mondays and Saturdays.
H. E. WINDSOR, Pass. Agt.

Newport & Wickford

RAHLRUAD AND STEAMBOAT CO. THE WICKFORD ROUTE.

In effect June 1, 1994. Subject to change without notice.

Newport *7 00 *10 00 *1 00 *4 05 *7 25 11 00 Prov. ar 8 30 11 50 2 80 5 50 9 50 6 60 Poston, ar 10 18 1 18 4 00 7 00 11 00 7 16 N. Yo'k ar 1 59 4 00 6 88 11 00 R 7 12 P. M. P. M. P. M. P. M. A. M. A. M.

Thatly expert Sundays,
RWashington Express due Harlem River
Station, New York, Lina, m.; Philadelphia,
7.10 a. m.; Baltimore, 8.41 s. m.; Washington.
8.45 a. m.
Following the 12.02 s. m. instn is tne
through Federal Express (via Harlem River)
leaving Washington at 5.55 p. m.; Initimore
6.35 p. m.; Philadelphia 8.75 p. m.; due at
Wickford Junction 5.21 a. m.; Newport 6.5.
a. m.

h.m.
For Tickets and Drawing Room chairs, etc.,
spply at Steamer General, Commercial whar
A. D. MACLEOD, Agent, Newport.

STEAMER

NEW SHOREHAM LEAVES PROVIDENCE FOR

Newport & Block Island

---DAILY---Leave Providence at 9, Newport II. Re-irn, leave Block Islandat 5:30, Newport, field 6-1 G. W. CONLEY, Agent.

Old Colony Street Railway Co.

"Newport & Fall River Division." TIME TABLE.

In effect on and after September 6, 1904. WEEK DAYS. LEAVR NEWFORT—7.15, 8.16, 9.15, 10.16, 10.15, 11.15, 11.15 a. m; 12.76, 12.45, 11.5, 11.5 a. m; 12.76, 12.45, 11.5, 11.5, 11.5 a. m; 12.76, 12.45, 11.5, 11.5, 10.45, 7.15, 15.15

SATURDAYS. LEAVE NEWPORT—7.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.16, 10.46, 11.16, 11.46, 11.46, 11.46, 11.46, 11.47, 12.15, 12.45, 11.15, 11.47, 12.15, 12.45, 11.46, 11.47, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 8.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15,

SUNDAYS.

LEAVE NEWFORT-7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 10.45, 11.15, 11.15 a. m.; 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 8.15, 8.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.16, 5.45, 1.10, 1-35, 2.15, 2.30, 8.15, 8.45, 1.16, 1.45, 5.16, 5.46, 6.15, 6.15, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, bil0.16, bil1.16, bil

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be ob-tained at all ticket offices of this company.

ON and after Aug. 1, 1804, trains will leave
Newport, for Hostore, South State
Tion, week days, 5.7, 6.14, 8.12, 1.00 a. m.
1.04, 8.10, 5.00, 5.10 p. m. Return 8.04 m.
1.04 a. m., 12.40, 8.40, 4.54, 8.60, 8.50 p. m.
MIDDLETOWN and PORTSMOUTH, 5.57, 8.54,
6.12, 1.10 a. m., 1.04, 8.10, 5.00, 9.10 p. m.
HRADFORD and CORRY'S LARK (flag stop),
5.57, 6.54, 8.12, 1.10 a. m., 1.04, 8.10, 5.00, 5.10, 5.10,
p. m. Tiverton, Fall River and Taum.
Ton, 5.57, 8.64, 8.12, 1.100 a. m., 1.04, 8.10,
5.00, 9.10 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8.12, 11.10 a.
m., 3.10 p. m. HYANNIS, 1.100 a. m., 1.04, 8.10,
5.00, 9.10 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8.12, 11.10 a.
m., 3.10 p. m. Fithers and Taum.
Thours, 5.57, 1.100 a. m., 1.04, 8.10, 5.00 p.
m. Fithersurg and stations on Taunton Division, 8.12, 11.00 a. m., 8.10 p. m., Fithersurg and stations on Taunton Division, 8.12, 11.00 a. m., 8.10 p. m., Forthersurg and stations on Taunton Division, 8.12, 11.00 a. m., 8.10 p. m., Forthersurg and warren), 5.57, 6.64, 8.12,
1.100 a. m., 8.10 p. m. Provincence,
Ton, 1.10 a. m., 8.10 p. m. Provincence,
Ton, 1.10 a. m., 8.10 p. m. Provincence,
Ton, 1.10 a. m., 8.00, 5.00, 8.10 p. m.
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 5.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 5.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00, 8.00, 8.10 p. m. Kew Bedford,
1.00 a. m., 8.00 p. m. Return R

The Original MacIntosh.

"MacIntosh bossts a good deal about: his family doesn't he?" "Yes, I think he claims that the head of his family was the original MacIntosh that Noah had with him during that rainy sea-son,"—Philadelphia Press,



CELEST HS Needed in Every Home Always Up to Date

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A Dictionary of ENGLISM, Biography, Geography, Fiction, etc. The New and Enlarged Edition Contains

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New Gasetteer of the World with more than 25,000 titles, based on the latest consus returns, New Biographical Dictionary containing names of over 10,000 noteworthy persons, with nationality, occupation, date of reigns, date of birth, death, etc.

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Taggart's Moute Carlo.

Horace, at the outset of his Ars Poetica, urges the necessity of poetic comissions. "A fair maid upwards, a four fish below," is a monster in unture, in literature, and —let us add—even in politics. The plea of the Democratic presidential candidate for constitutionality and legality bears a strange commentary in the open disregard of State laws by the Democratic campaign manager. The facts in the case rob the charge of any sensationatism, but the main fact stands out the more clearly, for the serious consideration of those to whom street constitutionality and tegality are a paramount issue. The main fact will gain force and cleanness if the reader will condescend to a intile detour. Horace, at the outset of his Ars Posti-

Orange County is in the heart of southwestern Indiana, the American Fontainebleau. This is the region of Bedford stone, of the Indian couldeds, Bedford stone, of the Indian coalneds, of a galaxy of famous inneral springs, of the time of sink holes and caves that extends from the campus of the State University to the Lost River of Orange County that flows twelve index in fact, to Manmoth Cave. Over all this petrified wealth and petrographic caprice is a vast park of heavily and beautifully wooded valleys and hills, furnishing studies in light and cofor and composition that might make the fame of another Barbizon school. Nor is instory tion that might make the fame of au-other Barbizon school. Nor is instory wanting, romantic history at that; for the French were here, and wherever they touch American history, they tinge the splentid and famous institu-tional story of our country with a glory that mellows the white light of Ameri-can grandeur.

tional story of our country with a glory that mellows the white light of American graudeur.

Let us look on two pictures in Orange County, Paoli and French Lick. Paoli, the county seat, is in the centre of the county. It is a fine old pioneer settlement which the Southern grace of entvalry and the Scatch-Irish leaven of seriousness have made and kept a witness to the ideal of plain living and high thloking. Like all good communities, it has no history, but it has sent out men who have made a history Seven or eight miles west of Paoli we come first to West Burlen, then to lite prototype, French Lick Springs. Paolit and French Lick are as different as the theory of Judge Parker and the fact of Tom laggart.

Communal history and communal morally French Lick has none. But it has episodis history and social glamour. French Lick was a sait "lick" for aboriginal wild beasts; it is French in that the French maintained a trading post at the aboriginally famous springs. It figured in the march of events from 1756 to 1814, by which the English-speaking colonigits won the region from the French-speaking settlers. It figured in the earliest history of the "District of Vincenney" as the present State of Indiana was called in the early history of the Northwest Territory. A sanatorium hotel was built as early as 1840. Its fame growing, the present company, of which Mr. Taggart is president and actual head, acquired it several years ago and the early as 1840. Its fame growing, the present company, of which Mr. Taggart is president and actual head, acquired it several years ago and the early as 1840. Its fame growing the promoundings to suit the taste of the most fastidious guest whose liver makes the life he can pay for so abundantly seem for the nonce not worth living. Nature and historical associations as well as the excellent hotel accommodations will repay anyone for well as the excellent hotel accommodations will repay anyone for a visit to French Lick. But for many these advantages will be offset by the pervasiveness of an undefined social order whose elegance and self-restraint (taking it at its very best) is a little less sound and sweet than the simple dignity of a community like Paoli (taking it, too, at its best).

But the most striking outrest is less.

at its best).

But the most striking contrast is between the law and order of Paoli and the open disregard at French Lick of State laws against gambling. Paoli lives up to the ideals upheld in Judge Parker's pr. n u cement. Fre ich Li k embodies the wide open policy of Tom Taggart—for French Lick and Tom Taggart are in this regard mactically Taggart are in this regard practically convertible terms. The "club-house," as it incalled, stands 150 feet to the north of the hotel, just between the two most famous springs, Pluto and Proserpine. The names are ominous. The first flour is devoted to billings. most ramous springs. The names are ominous. The first floor is devoted to billiards and bowling, but the tables and alleys are almost hidden from view by a battery of siot machines of all descriptions. The second floor can be reached from the first by stairs, or from the lower The second floor can be reached from the first by stairs, or from the lower verands of the hotel by a walk and a bridge. Facilis descensus Averni. However, minors are carefully placarded away. From the vestibule one passes to the right into the long room with the roulette, faro banks, and the other layouts extending down the two sides; or to the left into an equally long but narrower, room half of which is occupied by a poolroom for the races and half by a stock commission office. In the rear, finally, are three or four small rooms of varying degrees of practicable tue rear, many, are three or four small rooms of varying degrees of practicable privacy and secrecy. Literally all kinds of money may be ventured some where in this "clubhouse," and needless to say all kinds of money are ventured.

The gambling hell par excellence is The gambling hell par excellence is in shape, style and decoration strongly suggestive of the cabin of one of the floating palaces on the Mississippi in the palmy days of river travel and desperate stakes. Though it is in every sense of the word wide open, the heavy portieres and curtains give it a sinister look. The roulette wheel almost never ceases one or two attendants serve such sense of the word wide open, the heavy portieres and cuttains give it a sinister look. The routette wheel almost never ceases; one or two attendants serve such of the other layouts as the patronage demands. The bettors are of all classes represented by the clientele of the hotel, and of both sexes. The man (heis usually a man) who wants to see what it's like, who has never gambled, and will perhaps never gambled, and will like, who has never gamble again, goes around like a boy with a hammer after his toy watch. His nearest analogue in the feminine world is she who takes winnings as a matter of course, but she can't imagine why losses should ever can't imagine why losses should ever can't imagine why losses should ever the fast that there. But by far the greatest number of bettore take an hour or two daily at roulette or whatever they fancy, as regularly and as leisurely as they take the waters. The excitement of the game relieves what is seriously felt as tedium by many of the guests. To them is due in large part the fact that the gambling is carried on with such admirable decorum. A novelist would waste many precious hours here if he waited for graphte incidents and touches. Ou the face of it it is as harm less and unsurprising as afternoon coffee. To be sure, it is between seasons at present. The amounts that change hands in an hour may be anywhere from \$200 to \$500. A few weeks later the Chicago crowd will take its autumn turn at Franch Lick, and the figures will perhaps run into the thousands.

In the poolroom the wires are at present ticking merrily and the betting is briak or at least wholly unrestraised. The private rooms are at present not in great demand, but then it is between seasons. A few weeks bence everything will be going full blast, there will

be more seek, more valgarity and a little more excitement.

For all this Tom Taggart is personally responsible. To him redounds the credit for the spleudid business managment of the hotelita him redounds also for the unfailing according in the "clubbouse," the atter absence of sensational features at any time. But on him by the same token fastens the charge of law breaking. Every day except Sunday, and every hour of the day, this sationate of his hotel openity violates the law of the State of Indiana under which it is characred. Every any dozens and even hundreds of guests lay themselves open to lines and juli sensences, reposing in the security offer a by the prestigeof the great notel. There can be no question about it. From the constitutional provision against lotteries in the section of the statue against disciplinations, and the like, the atter and the spirit of the fews of the Same on this subject are very care. On 6 ery section and every parties of every events a the counts have passed. In fillustrate the minuteness with which the counts have considered these laws, we may cale two decisions (Hunn's Almoniated Indiana Statues, 1901, sect 2175): In a charge of permitting gaming, thouse have now the part of the defend and must be proved; but in a charge of sections are equally definite. The legal aspect of the situation is quite unacubiguous.

And this is in the county of Orange, as, not ten miles from the law abiding

iegal aspect of the situation is quite unambiguous.

And this is in the county of Orange, ss., not ten miles from the law abiding county sent of Paoli! dow explain the paradox? It is a triumph of worldliness. The "clubroom" is to all intents and purposes reserved for the guests of the hotel. These guests are regarded by the natives as belogs of a different order, with other manners and customs. But they are especially regarded as a source of gain to the community. That one consideration solves the whole logical puzzle. No gambling, no guests, no gaests, ho gain beyond the meague increase of the soil, which offers more to the artist than to the prospector. And if the governor doesn't send down the militia, as he sent it against the racers and pool-sellers at Re-by, what's the odds? That is the rock upon which the civil government of Orange County is in practice founded, even though it is patient to all that that rock re-ts on the quick-sands of idegality and political immorshipy.

The man in the street regards the matter tolerantly. He condones Tom Taggart and admires the way he runs things. He condones the civile body of Orange County and its connivence at law-breaking. He sees in it only another instance of oning the rusty machine of the law. The laws against gambling are blue laws, anyway. A elergymen the writer met at the springs conoustrated quite togically that gambling in itself was not wrong; there were more perfect? ways of using money, but as for wrong, that was not of the essence, but the accidence of gambling. One guest was overheard to say that, winnings and losses, he was out no more than in he had staid at home and paid hits doctor a fee instead of recuperating here with water and dice. These are spectmens of the tolerant views of excellent men.

But it happens that the Democratic candidate for President has taken a decided stand for the unjesty of the law both in its spirit and its letter. And looking through his eyes there is only one view to take of the "cultub-roam" at Prench Lick—" is in open Diguous, And this is in the county of Orange

French Lick—It is in open detiance of the law; and only one view to take of the Democratic campaign manager—he is particeps criminis and the party individually most responsible for the open detiance of the law. In the light of Judge Parker's letter of acceptance, I the light of Judge Sakarashke. In the light of Juck is dammable. In the light of Juck is dammable. Lick is damuable. In the light of Tom Taggart's "club-room" at French Lick, the keynote of Judge Parker's letter of acceptance is ridiculous. The inevin-ble compromise makes the Democratic campaign something very like the poet's monstrous phantasin, "A fair maid upwards, a foul fish below."—Bos-ton Transcript,

No Green Cheese Moon for Her.

The little girl was on a visit to her grandfather, a clergyman who is cele-brated in the city for his logical pow-

ors.

"Oh, my! Only think, grandpa, what Uncle Robeit says!"

"What does he say, my dear?"

"Why, he says, the moon is made of green cheese. It isn't at all, is it?"

"The sails sunnose you find out green cheese. It isn't at all, is it!"
"Weil, child, suppose you find out yourself."

"How can I grandpa?"
"Open the Bible on the table and see

what it eays. Where shall I begin?"

"Begin at the heginning."
The child sat down to read the Bible.
Before she was half through the Before she was half through the second chapter of Genesis and had read about the creation of the stars and animals she turned to her grandfather, her eyes bright with the excitement of discovery and with

of discovery, and said:

"I've found it grandpa. It isn't true, for God made the moon before he made the cows."—Ex.

Two Notable Pictures.

Among the art features of the Novem-Among the art restures of the November Century will be another of Timothy Cole's wood engravings of old Spanish masters, and a reproduction of the Gilbert Stuart portrait of Stephen Jones. The Cole wood engraving is of Goya's "Washerwomen," one of a series of decessive number of severe Street Street. "Washerwomen," one of a series of de-corative paintings of scenes from Span-ish life designed originally to serve as mode's for tapestry, and executed by Goys for the royal manufactory of tapestry at Madrid about 1776. The portrait of Judge Stephen Jones, chosen for reproduction this month is the pro-perty of Mrs. Francis G. Richards, and through her courtesy, hangs in the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston. The portrait, for brilliant coloring, bold handling, firm modeling, natural poses and strong individuality, is considered unsurpassed, and is said to have been one of the painter's favorite heads.

Score for the Grad.

"Well, young man," said the portly capitalist to the college graduate whom he had employed, "I suppose that by this time you have practically given up most of your ideas about how to run the world."

the world.¹⁷
"Yes, sir," answered the graduate starting out with the waste basket; "and I understand also that you have ceased writing magazine articles on how to succeed."—Judge.

Beach-They tell me your son is a great swimmer?
Strand—You bet! Why, I believe he could swim with one of those excursion

steamer life preservers strapped to him! -Boston Transcript,

Fair Creatures Snub Each Other,

A young woman in this town went visiting in New York. She was visiting some suburban people in an aristocratic neighbood outside of town. She went to a party and was introduced to a number of girls. They seemed nice enough girls, and she had a good time, that when she met them down in New York they didn't know her from a rabbit. She atterward heard that they said her father was a storekeeper. And she had a good cry at the crucky of women in general. She said she would die before she would treat a dog that way!

that way! But she came home and was visiting But she came home and was visiting at a nouse where a girl was working for her hylng. Site and the girl and the other girls at the house had a good time one afternoon together. And then a lew days later the proud storekeeper's daugmer sailed down town in her fulfy wante duds and unssed the girl she had white duds and passed the girl she had met a few days before and cut her road. Could she be speaking to every bired girl she met on the street?

Why of source met. And the speak

bited girl she met on the street?

Wity, of course not. And the second girl went home and had a good cry. And she wouldn't treat a dog that way. And she went to a dance in the country where they move the things out from the fiddler and the caller-off in the bed-room door. And she met a big-footed Dutch country girl who danced on her heels and threw the boys around like sacks of flour. And the country girl with her big hat and town clothes, was just the avectes thing out of heaven. And when the country girl came to And when the country girl came to town looking like a fright one Saturday town looking like a fright one Saturday night, sne ran into the city girl and her chum from the West Side on parade with a dapper little clerk and a pretty-looking fin hora gambler, whom all the girls at the shirt-waist dance said was "just dead swell." And do you thluk the town girl spoke to the big-footed country girl with her funny clothes on?

country girl with her funny clothes on?

Not on your tittype. She turned her face the other way, and she and the other girl and the two boys sailed by prouder than a peacock.

And so n goes, Cruelty and pride and vanity statomightheir way through the world. Women are worse than men. Alen accept one another for what they are really worth. A rich man who has houestly earned his money, thinks nothing of talking to some one's mired man. The railroad brakenian and the railroad president have relations that their wives never could assume—providing their wives are fools. A man is proud of the fact that he mas worked with his bands and come up in the world. There was a women at the federation of clubs fast apring who was once head waiter at the Whitley. House, in Emporia, and though she was a cultivated, houest woman, she was astended of it, and if the Gazette had printed the fact at the time the federation would have mobbed the office.

time the federation would have the office.

Now, why? If her husband had once been a porter at the Whitely and had made money, he would have been proud of his rise. Women are funny. This is a funny world.

William Redmond's Answer.

William Redmond, M. P., once arose to speak in the bouse of commons, according to the Boston Record, and there came a question, hurled at him from the Right side of the house:

"Will you vote for this bit! If it comes up?"

Mr. Remond tooked from one side of the house to the other and slowly my

the house to the other and slowly answered: "I wIII"-

Immediately the right of the house burst into a storm of applause. But Mr. Redmond continued, as soon as he could be beard;

Then the storm came from the left side, and as soon as it subsided for a moment he completed what he start-

-"answer that question."
And perfect silence reigned on both

The Parson and the "Light."

A parson had had a call from a little country parish to a large and wealthy one in a big city. He asked time for prayer and consuleration. He did not feel sure of his light. A month passed. Some one met his youngest son. "How is it, Josiah; is your father going to B—_?"

"Weil," answered the youngster judicially, "paw is still prayin' for light, but most of the things are

Reluctant to Give Up.

"Leud me \$10, old man. I'm a little abort

short."

"That wou't help you any. You'll be just as short after getting the money."

"Nonsense old chap! How do you make that out?"

"Why, after giving you the \$10 I don't expect to see you any longer."

Cleveland Plain Dealer.

All She Could Ask.

"She's a lovely girl and so simple in her tastes. I told her that I hadn't much of an income yet, but that I hoped I could provide for her every want."
"And what did she say?"

O'Bhe said that would be, all she could ask."—Cleveland Pisin Dealer.

History on the Floor of Congress.

A Congressman once declared in an address to the House:

"As Daniel Webster says in his great

dictionary ""
"It was Noah who wrote the dictionary," whispered a colleague, who sat at the next desk.
"Noah nothing," replied the speaker
"Noah built the ark."

Mrs. Senator Stuck-Who's that Mrs. Senator Stuck—Who's that quiet lady in gray that nobody pays the slightest attention?

Mrs. Senator Upp—Why, I really don't know, but I presume she's the vice president's wife.—Houston Chron-

Nodd-It's about time to go on my annual fishing trip.
Todd—How do you feel?
Nodd—Well, I begin to feel stealing over me that old-fashioned spring thirst.—Detroit Free Press.

"Wot's your hurry, Willie?"
"I want tergit to de next town be-fore de jail closes fer de night."—New

She—Did you see any sharks when you crossed the ocean?
He—Yee: I played cards with a cou-

York American.

"Jim Crow" Law Comedies.

The "Jim Crow" law that went into effect down in Maryland this summer has been more amusing than serious. While some of the colored folks took exception to the new law and demounced it vigorously, there were afters who found they had more room and comfort in the sections of the coach or steamer slotted to their use exclusively. Indeed, on some of the big excursion steamers of the Chesapeake bay it is a common sight to see one or two colored men enjoying a roomy section of the deck, while beyond the "Jim Crow" boundary the white excursionists are parked together like the proverbial sardines. "An blebe do white lookes stepped on deh own toes when dey passed dis heart "Jim Crow" bill," chackled a colored minister, as he iested his feet on the steamer's guard rait. "We've got mo room den we want en dey ain't got enaf."
"Dat's right, pahson," asserted a member of his fold, "but Ah had a powanful queer dream last night. Ah dreampt Ah went to Paradise e. Saint Peter met me at de gate."
"What did de good Saint say, braddah?"
"He sed, 'Wah did yo' cam fun?"

"He sed, 'Wah did yo' cum fum?"
Ah sed, 'Maryian'? He sed, 'Praise
de Jaspeh wanis! Did yo' cum' on a
'Jim Crow' can?"
The laughter that followed impressed
the heaver that the new law was a
joke.

The laughter that followed impressed the hearer that the new law was a joke.

Not long ago au .old colored "mammy" approached a Baltimore policeman long after miduight.

"Otheer," she said, looming out of the shadows', "what kind of a cyah am dat cummin! around de curve?" The officer peered at the headilght approaching through the darkness.

"Why, auntle," he responded pleasantly, "that's an 'owl' cur."

The old woman held up her hands.

"Bless de Lawd, An thought it was a 'crow' car. Desc nere bird cars hes gut me an mixed up. Is den eny sparrow cyains en 'hawk' cyahe?"

An amusing incident occurred on the water front in the Maryland metropolis. A rather foppish young steamboat clerk was in tre habit, of naving mis shoes shited in one of the many Italian bootbonet parlots. One eventual the

shoes shined in one of the many Italian bottones parlors. One evening the parlors were closed, and the clerk decided to patronize a colored bootblack for convenience. This limite king it of the box and brush did not retial such patronage, so he decided on a novel plan to get even. The clerk walked up to the nekety charr and was about to sit down, when the bootblack shout-

ed:
"Hold on, boss! Dat's a 'Jim Crow

Jun Crow??" echoed the astonished dude.

"Yens, sar. Ah've only got one chair, en one half is reserved foh white people, en de otheh half foh cultud fo'kes. If you elt down please sit on on one coruen en—"

But the prospective patron left with-out his shipe. Then the sable boot-black turned to the claim seller with a

grin.
"Is you' got eny 'Jim Crow' clams?"
"de man. "de "Is you got eny Jim Crow Ctame, "Sho," retorted the claim man, "de shede am foh sech es yo', en de juicy heart am foh white fo'kes."—New York

He Found Out.

"I never felt so much ashamed of my ignorance as I did a short time ago, when an uncle of mine from a back county down the Sound was visiting me," said the faturan in a tweed suit a day or two ago. "The old man hadn't been in Settle since 1885, though he lives about a 100 miles away, and he was a good deat suprised at what he saw. After he got thed riding around town on the street cars and on the little railroad at Madison Park he began to take an interest in the neighbors. He asked a good many questions about take a good many questions about them which I could not answer, and he seemed disappointed at my ignorance. One day he asked:
"Bill, whal's that man's name across the street that's running the lawn mower?"

lawn mower?!

"I dunno,' I said.

"Dunno,' said the old man, "Pears to me you'd oughter take more interest in a man that lives across the street. How long's he been there?"

"About three years, as near as I can remember."

"About three years, as near as I can remember."
"Been there three years and you don't know his name! That's the cur'ousest thing to me,'
Pretty soon I saw the old man cross the street and go into the yard and begin to talk to my neighbor. In all hour he came back and said;
"I've found out more about him in a few minutes than you would be

a few minutes than you would in years. His name's John Blank and he came to Seattle from Injeany in 1891. He's in the real estate business 1891. He's in the real estate business and he's worth about \$15,000. He owns that piace, but there's a \$2000 mortgage on it. He's got some other lots near the lake, and he owns a farm near Anburn. He's 44 years old and his wife's 30, and they've got four children, two boys and two girls. They've been married seventeen years. He was broke in the hard times and has made all he's got since. If you city folks would take more interest in your neighbors you wouldn't be so iguorant."—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Too Late to Change,

I hear you have a little sister at your couse," said, a Chicago grocer to a

I hear you have a necessary as your house," said, a Chicago grocer to a small boy.

"Yes, sir," said Johnny,
"Do you like that?" was queried.
"I wish it was a boy," said Johnny,
"so I could play marbles with him an' hearshall".

baseball."
"Well," said the storekeeper, "why
don't you exchange your little sister
for a boy?"

John by reflected a minute, then he said rather sorrowfully: "We can't now. It's too late. We've used her four days."

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For Over Sixty Years

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Elider. Why Sandy lad I have the Stothers with the Stomach Strup."

Elder—Why, Sandy, lad, I heard that ye was drowned. Sandy—Na, that na me. It was me eldest brither. Elder—Eh, mon, what a pity! What a most awfu' pity.—Jester.

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Messrs. My Brox.—Find enclosed 50 cents, for which pit asc send me your Cream Baim. I find your remedy the quickest and most permittent cure for cold in the bend, caterrh, etc. Yours truly, bett M. Potter.

Slik mutts in Dolly Varden patterns are even more desirable than the lavely printed

If you are fired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some confort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

Reversible bodies fronts over fitted waist costs seem to be the prominent feature of autumn gowns. Those unhappy persons who suffer from ner-versiness and dyspepsin should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made express-ly for sleepless, nervous, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents.

Gowns of white English umbroidery are cenerally made with a triple skirt, to show is much edge as possible.

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The new combination of Smart Weed and Beliadonna as used in Curter's Backnehs Plaslers, has proved to be one of the best that could be made. Try one of these popular plasters in any case of weak or lame back, actinche, rheumatism, neuragin, soreness of the chest or lungs, and you will be arrived and pleased by the prompt relief. In bad cases of chronic dyspepsia, a phaster over the pil of the stometh stops the public once. Ask for Curter's Smart Weed and Beliadonna Backache Plusters. Price 25 cents.

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If you cace try Carter's Little Pills for head-net, billousness or constipation, you will never be without them. Two are purely vegenable, small and easy to take. Don't for-get this.

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Laxativo Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold In one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents

An elegantly furnished apartment,

parlor, bedroom, bathroom, private telephone. In a new hotel for relined patrons. Fashionable, convenient to shops, theatres, railroads. Special Summer rates to transient guests.

Cutsine of noted excellence; white service; valet attendance HOTEL GALLATIN,

.70-73 W. 46th St., near 5th Ave. and Broadway, New York City. Tel. 5608-38.

Northweet" ITUI (III W G) (.

If you have any idea of changing your location GO INTO THE NORTH-WEST where life is worth living.

It is the coming empire of this country. Climate and elevation are found in great variety, and land will never be as low priced again as it is now. For farming, fruit raising and grazing no portion of our Country equals it. Irrigation makes the farmer independent where irrigation is practiced and the finest irrigable parts of our Country are in Moutana and Washington. The towns and cities are all growing rapidly in the Northwest.

Let me know what you want and we will try to help you. There are all sorts of places and kinds of land in the Northwestern States through which the NORTHERN PACIFIC runs. Don't wait until it is too late to go,

Low Settlers' Rates are in effect during September and October. Write to me where you want to go and I will tell you what it will cost,

Chas. S. Fee,

Gen'l Pass. Agent, Northern Pacific Ry ST. PAUL, MINN.

DAILY EXCURSIONS

To CALIFORN

Through first-class and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year from Chicago.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

EVERY FUESDAY AND THURSDAY FROM CHICAGO.

LOWEST RATES, SHORTEST TIME ON THE ROAD,

FINEST SCENERY. Only route by which you can leave home any day in the week and travel

in tourist cars on fast trains all the way. For descriptive pamphlets and full in-

formation inquire of nearest agent, or address W.; B. KNISKERN, General Pagsenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago. Chicago & North-Western Railway.

Historical and Genealogical.

Notes and Queries.

In sending matter to this department the following rules must be absolutely observed:

1. Names and dates must be clearly written. 2. The full mane and address of the writer must be given. 8. Make all queries as spirits at soonsident with clearness, 4. Write on one side of the paper only. 5. In answering queries always give the date of the paper, the number of the query and the signisture. 6. Letters addressed to contributors, or to be forwarded, must be sent in blank sampect envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

Mass E. M. Tilley,

Care Newport Historical Rooms,

Newcort, R. 1.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1904.

NOTES.

MATTHEW WEST H18

DESCENDANTS AND RELATIVES

WITH -

NEW JERSEY PATENTS.

By Mrs. H. Ruth Cooke. CONTINUED.

By Mrs. H. Ruth Cooke.

CONTINUED.

Sarah Reap, dau. of William (1) and Sarah Reap, and. Jonathan Marsh, learned from a deed made Aug. 1, 1694 by William Reape, son, and Sarah Reap is mother and widow of William Reap of Rhode Island deceased to William, son of Jonathan Marsh of Newport, R. I. mariner, and wife Sarah Reap paradeou of said Sarah Reap widow, for a share of the three necks of land in Shrewsbury, held by maid William Reap deceased. (East Jersey deeds, Liber C. p. 158).

Barah Reap dying Sept. 26, 1687 hence why her only living child William was mentioned; his grandmother Sarah Reap, mentioned him again in her will, Apl. 12, 1715; his father d. Jun. 10, 1704, having md. (2) Jan. 17, 1700, Phebe Arnold widow of Oliver, and dau. of Thomas and Mary (Havens) Cooke, Thomas (1) Cooke. Phebe married again, Oct. 7, 1705, Robert Barker. Phebe had seven Arnold children, and one Marsh child, son b. Jan. 27, 1702; md. Mary (Gould, Dani, and Ruth (Sheffield) Gould). They had 12 children (see Austin Geni. Diet. p. 130).

Jonathan (1) Marsh made his will June 9, 1704; giving his two sons William and Jonathan (half-brother to Wm.) land in East Jersey, and certain land in R. I., my silver money, bonds, to William all household goods and plate that were mine before I married Phebe Arnold, except two cups, also my ferry boat on east eide of Jamestown, and negro Sambo, for seven years, and then freed. To son Jonathan, ferry boat on west side of Jamestown, and negro Sambo, for seven years, and then freed. To son Jonathan, ferry boat on west side of Jamestown, R. I. where he lived, a negro Robin till Jonathan is of age, then freed, and two silver cups and a silver taukard. Sons William and Jonathan were of Newport, R. I. Their father had 1-16 of 1-12 share of E. J. land July 25, 1685, deeded to him by Robert Turner, late of Dublin, Irelaud, confirmation of same to Jonathan Marsh Jan. 17, 1692, of a tract in Monmouth Co., S. E. the Marsh Brook and Joh Throgmortou. E. Manasquam River, 624 acres, and 80 acres at Baruagato, N

624 acres, and 80 acres at Barnagate, N. John Hance.

Aux. 28, 1701, confirmation, to Jonathan Marsh, mariner, of Road Island, in full of his second dividend as one of the Proprietors of land in Monmouth Co., in all 312 acres. (E. J. Deeds, Liber G. p. 343). The Edwards who attended the Briuley wedding may have been of Abiah Edwards family, he a ship wright, of Shrewsbury, Aug. 28, 1701, confirmation in full to him of his first and second dividend as one of the first and second dividend as one of the first and second dividend as one of the proprietors of 118 acres, farmerly Sarah Reape Meh 31, 1682, return of survey upon Long Branch, in town of Shrewsbury, for Abah Edwards, in right of Mrs. Sarah Reape of 127 acres. In 1714, Abiah Edwards (Abija Eduart on N. J. records), shipwright, conveyed land to John West (who md. Jane Whog). Abiah made his will Jan. 1714, but in 1681 was made executor with Joseph Parker of will of Francis Masters of Shrewsbury, whose wife was Masters of Shrewsbury, whose wife was Mary and children were Clemens, Poolemah, Mary, Cobas, Vogden, Ablah's piantation was next Nathl. Camack (busband of Mary West, above, swift) on the one side Camack (husband of Mary West, above, said) on the one side and Lewis Mattack on other side with John Williams following. Ablah had a daughter, Nauni Edwards, married 12; 2; 1708 John Corlies (George and Exercise (Shattock, Wm.) Corlies), who will appear below.

John West (14) d. 1728; md. 10; 15; 1694 Jane (Wing, dau, Joseph and Jerustia/Mayhew, Thomas and Jane(Paine) Mayhew; Wing), son John Wing and first wife Elizabeth, mother of all his children; whose second wife was Miri-

Maynew) Wing), son John Wing and first wife Elizabeth, mother of all his children: whose second wife was Miriam (Deane, dau. Stephen, she leaving her large estate to sou of her sister), son Rev. John Wing, first pastor of Euglish ch. at Middleburg, Holland, and son-in-law of Rev. Samuel Batchelder, as he md. his dau. Deborah, coming to America on ship Wm. Fraudis, June 5, 1632, with his father-in-law and his sons with Edward Dillimkham; members of whose lamily internatried with Wing family, all arriving in Boston, after a passage of 88 days, went to Lynn, then to Sandwich, lived on a piece of land now called Brewser, a large pond there called Wings Pond to this day; son of Matthew Wing of England with children Tulk, John, Thomas, Rev. John, James, Joanna, Mrs. Robert Chamberlain, Mrs. John Nichols, Mrs. Richard Gollins.

John West in his will made Mch. 4, 1728, (mentioned in abstract in issue of June 25th.), bequeaths, "tony daugh-

Richard Gullins.

John West in his will made Mch. 4, 1728, (mentioned in abstract to issue of June 25th.), bequeaths, "to my daughter Jududan one chest of drawers lying in the New House Chamber; to my daughter Rudrey one cupboard in the said new house chamber; to my daughter Lavinia one chest of drawers next to the bed whereon I am used to lye, my desire and will is that my said daughter shall be put to school for 12 months and then I impower my said trustees (brothers William West and Bartholomew West and George Williams) to put and bind her to the trade of a tailorito my daughter Jane I bequeath one great Bible and a chest of drawers and that my said daughter shall be kept to school by sand trustees and then put to trade of a tailor such as my trustees shall see fit," Wilnessed by Preserve Lippincott, Damel Luppincott, George Thornbough John West, signed his will with a double cross mark, showing that he either was mable to write, or was too lit and weak to do so; being so particular to have his daughter kept at school efther was illadic to write, or was too ill and weak to do so; being so particular to have his daughter kept at school may aflow the first reason to be a fact. Jane Wing's grandfather, John Wing made bls will, May 2, 1696, proved Aug. 1693, mentions wife Miriam (Deane, his second wife) and ch. Ampthes Su-

his second wife), and ch. Amadas, Su-san Parslow, Oseah Turner, and grand-sons John and Etnathan, children of

my deceased son Joseph Wing, who married Api. 12, 1670 Jerehua May-hew daughter of Thomas of Martha's Vineyard.

Their children were (of Joseph and Jerutha (Marchan) March.

Vineyard.
Their children were (of Joseph and Jerusha (Maybew) Wing), John Wing b. Jan. 6, 1672, alive in 1690, when mentloned in will of his grandfather; and Elnathan Wing, mentioned in same will; and Jane Wing who and. John West abovesaid, and Joseph Wing b. 1676; nd. 5; 2; 1701, Ann (Lippincott dau, John and Ann Barber). Their father died and as a widow their mother, Jerusha, ind. (2) Thomas Eaton and went to Shrewbury, N. S., with him, and became a second widow, Oct. 26, 1688.
Thomas Eaton came from Goodhurst, Kent to, Eng. in 1660, was in New Jersey, settling on a creek near Long Branch, where he built a grist mit calling the sett-ement Eatontown, which still retains the name.

Branch, where he built a grist minicalling the settlement Eatontown, which stid retains the name.

In will of Thomas Faton he left his mill, in thus to hus widow, for their unborn child, which proved to be a son, born March 26, 1889, whom the mother named John Eaton, herself dying in Shrewsbury, N. J., 26; 9; 1889, nine months after his hirth.

This son, John Eaton, married Johanna, dau. Eliakim Wardell and Lydia (Perkins), whose sister Margaret md. (1) Ephrium Allen and (2) Witliam West; whose other sister Margaret limits.

Lydia (Perkins), whose sister Margaret and (1) Ephrism Allen and (2) William West; whose other sister Mary Wardell married Thomas Woodmansee b. Sept. 17, 1670; whose other sister Ester Wardell married Robert Bonell; whose other sister Elizabeth Wardell married (1) Saml. White, and (2) 10; 5: 1700 Seth Hill, whose other sister Lydia Wardell married William (2) Biddle; thus the relatives to the Eatons and to these Wings, as John Eaton was half brother to Jane (Wing) West. This John Eaton lived at what is now Monmouth Beach, N. J., and died there 1; 2; 1750, making his will Dec. 2, 1745, proved May II, 1750, giving his son Thomas Eaton 600 pounds in money.

Children of John Eaton and Johanna (Wardell), cousing to children of Lac (Wildle),

Children of John Eaton and Johanna (Wardell), cousins to children of Jane (Wing) and John West, were:

(a) Thomas Eaton hapt, on profession of faith, 1749, in Old Tennent Church in Old Shrewsburg, N. J., Presbyterian next Quaker Church, so named for its preachers, Rev. John and his brother Rev. William Tennent, their father having been Rev. William Tennent of what is now Hartsville, Ph., formerly "Log College", where a training school for ministers of this name, of which he was founder, was situated. He came from Ireland, Sept. 1716, with wife and four sons, educated at "Log Cabiu", and one daughter. His father was also named William Tennent.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

QUERIES.

REMINGTON-Would like the 5048. ancestors of the following Remingtons, of Jamestown, R. I.: Abigail, married John Carr, Dec. 15, 1704-5.

1704-9.
Phebe, married William Battey, Jr.,
April 3, 1746.
Penelope, married Charles Albro,
Sept. 8, 1768.
Martha, married John Tennant, Oct.
18, 17—.—A. R.

5044. SARIN—Would also like pareutage of Eleazer Sabiu, who married Abigail Osborue, at Jamestowu, R. I., Aug. 21, 1737.—A. R.

5045. ROBINSON. CARVER—Who were the ancestors of John Robinson and his wife Hannah Carver, who lived at Natick, M. 88.7 Their son Samuel was born there April 11,1776,—S. A. W.

5046. TALCOTT—Who were the parents of Samuel Talcott, of Hardord, Conn., born Aug. 21, 1658, died April, 1681; Was he married ?If so,to whom?

5047. BEERS—Who were the aucestors, and who was the wife of James Beers, of Kent, England, who settled in New England, in 1659?—L. B. F.

5048. HALCOMB-Who was Eli Halcould, who married Esther Taylor, of Daubury, Conn., about 1739, and had a daughter Roxy? Would like any authentic information in regard to this Halcomb family.—W. T. O.

5049. CLARKE—To what family of Clarkes did Benjamin, of New Castle, N. H., belong? He was living there in 1719, and the next year married Jane Pepperell, daughter of William and Margaret.—M. L. T.

5050 ELTON—Would like aucestry and dates of birth, death and marriage of Salmon Hurlburt Elton, who mar-ried Lydia Goodwin, of Middletown, Conn., about 1790.—W. P.

5051. SILSBEE-Who were the pareuts of Nathaniet Silsbee, who was living in Salem, Mass., in 1824?--P. M.

5052. SWEAT—Who were the ancestors of Moses Sweat, of Wakefield, N. H., later of Sanford, Maine? He died 1824.—P. M.

5053. LAWTON-Who were the ancestors of Ellisha Lawton, of Newport, R. I., who lived about the time of the Revoluntonary War, and married Jane Liscomb or Lipscomb?—P. W.

5054. PILCHER—Who were the parents of Joshua Pilcher, of Culpepper Co., Virginia, and later of Lexington, Ky.? When was he born? His father is said to have been the emigrant to the United States, when?—P. W.

5055. DURFEE-Who were the aucestors of Phebe Durfee, married at Middletown, R. I., to John Slocum, Jr., Oct. 2, 1777 Would like the names of their children.—W. G.

5056. SMITH—Who was William Smith, of Mi dletown. R. I., who married, Mar. 21, 1805, Mary Gould, of South Kingstown, R. 1.?—W. G.

5057. CLARKE—What was the parentage of Joseph Clarke who married Sept. 18, 1740, at Middletown, R. I., Elizateth Spooner? Whose daughter was she?—E. G.

5058. BARKER—'Vould also like the parentage of Samuel Barker, married to Sarah Smith, Ap. 26, 1781.—W. G.

Jiverton,

Polities is warming up considerably in this town just now, and the indications point to a sweeping Republican victory. Tiverton is peculiarly fortunate in the men who have represented her in the General Assembly for the jast few years. In George R. Lawton Fair at St. Louis.

As You'd Like It.

Perhaps you'd get conceived if you know how much we thought of you when we go hanting the markets each season. We know how you want it—Beautiful, swell, artistic; but reasonably priced. That's why we hunt. If we help you make your home just as you'd like it, and get the price just as you'd like it, you'll think a whole lot more of us every day

BRASS BEDS.

Nothing that's put into a home adds so much splendor and beauty to everything else about it, is so high sounding, so sort of aristocratic like as a brass bed. The very mention of one makes you hold on to your pockethook almost. Now just see what our thoughts of you have accomplished; emors amost. Now just see want air thoughts of you have secontinusned our 20 patterns in stocs to secert from and segmaining in order where you'd really expect nothing better than iron. Here's a medium priced one for

instance:
Stands 5 ft, 8 in, high has heavy 1; in, posts with 2! in, vases and busks, full swell foot with double reil and spindle at top and bottom.

22 50.

A. C. TITUS CO.,

225-229 THAMES STREET.

Tenements.

We have for rent TWELVE Tenements near Washington Square. They contain 4 rooms and bath, separate doors, and concrete cellars. They are modern in every way, and they rent

\$15.00 Per Month.

WM. E. BRIGHTMAN,

SPRING AND FRANKLIN STREETS.

for Senator the town has one of the

for Senator the town has one of the ablest and most influential members of that body. In the House William I. Frost has made a record for himself and for the town that few men representing a small constituency are able to make. Last winter he was the unantmous choice of the Republican members for Deputy Speaker, and the coming session, should anything prevent Mr. Burlingame's again taking the speakership, Mr. Frost will without doubt be made the Speaker, which would be a great honer for a small town.

It is very important for this town and county that Mr. Frost be kept in the General Assembly for another year for more reasons than the speakership question. To him more than to any other one man belongs the credit of getting the Stone Bridge bill passed, by which the beginning of a much-needed new bridge is made at the expense of the State. But more legislation is required this winter, and unless someone interested and of influence is on the spot to look after it the whole matter may yet fail and the expense of a new bridge be relegated to the towns adjoining. This is a matter of much moment to Tiverton, Portsmouth, and in fact all the towns in Newport County. Mr. Frost, having accomplished so much at the last session, will be able to do more at the next. Occupying as he does an important place on the finance committee he has been one of the ablest advocates of the good roads measures that have been so successful during the past two sessions. Mr. Frost's record in the General Assembly is a good one. His vote has heen recorded every time for any and all measures to benefit the farming population, and he is needed there more than ever the coming year to look out for the fishing interests of this section of the State, as hostile fish legislation is liable to come up at any time.

Important to Fruit Growers.

To check the propagation and spread of injurious insects and plant diseases the assembly hast spring pressed a law providing for the inspection of nurseries within the state and requiring that nursery stock shipped into the state should bear proper certificates of inspection or funnigation. Reports to the college and personal inspection of orchards throughout the state show that the spread of injurious insects and plant diseases is traceable to stock received from various nurseries both in the state and outside. In some cases there is evidence that stock which could not have been sold elsewhere has been shipped here because this state had no inspection law. A great many of our worst foes to fruit culture spread but slowly of their own accord and can be casily kept in check. If proper precautions are taken against, their distribe easily kept in check if proper pre-cautions are taken against their distri-

Buyers of nufrery stock will therefore serve their own interests very much if they will see to it that all stock purchased has a certificate of furnigation or inspection attached. In this connection it should be remembered that a certificate of inspection is not an absolute guarantee of freedom from all inserts if the neighborhood is infested. It is merely an indication that a reasonably thorough examination has failed to reveal their presence. A number of nur-eries, in addition to keeping their grounds as free from contain nation as possible, funnigate all stock sent out. Such furnigation if projectly carried out is almost an absolute guarantee that the stock is free from most injurious insects. Buyers of nursery stock will there-

from most injurious insects.

Should any one receive stock which does not have proper certificates attached or which shows the presence of injurious insects or plant diseases it should be reported at once to the State Nursery Inspector, Kingston, R. I.

Autumn at the St. Louis Exposition. QO.

The public's attention is being called to a great many tours by a great many routes at all prices, but we think we can safely say that the Royal Blue Line, eleven days high class tour, covering every expense at \$75.00, offers the best and most complete plan of any; when we say every expense it is meant to the letter and the best that money can buy is furnished; a stop in Washington and New York is included and standard Pullanne used in each direction.

On Nov. 11th the popular seven day Washington tour begins, for which \$25.00 covers trip of a week. Drop us a postal for litnerary. Jos. P. Taggart, N. E. P. A., 360 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Mr. Frank L. Collins, in the employ of Mr. Norman Whitney, is enjoying a vacation which he is spending at the

History of the Horse.

A noteworthy article in the November number of the Century will be the first complete account of the explorations of the American Museum of Natural History, under the William C. Whitney fund, into the evolution of the horse in America. The story of these explorations, which up to the present time have brought together more or less complete remains of 771 fossil horses, has been prepared by Henry Fabrileid Osborn, Da Costa Professor of Zoology in Columbia University and Curator in ostorn, Da Costa Professor of Zoology in Columbia University and Curator in the Museum, who has had charge of the work. The article will be interestingly illustrated, and should excite the pride of Americans in the mexampled completeness of the features. pieteness of the fossil resources of the great New York museum.

PROMISING SPORT.—PLENTY OF DEER AND MOOSE FROM MAINE DURING 1904.

Octoberi-and the opening bang of the hinters rife has reverbended through the pine forests of Maine. Sports-men have ulready located at their favorite camps,—some 'urc eager to make un carly bag, others are en route,and still others are preparing for a visit a week or two hence. However, there is room for them all, and no danger of over crowding Malue's vast huntdanger of over crowding Malne's vast miniing land. Deer are plentiful, and, judging
from reports of summer campers, more so
this year than for several previous seasons.
Moose have not yet migrated from Maine;
in fact, the lendency in the past two years
has been for the moose to move southward,
and the old hants for years forsaken, are
again becoming the feeding grounds of these
giant creatures. A big buth, new and a call,
comprising the whole family were seen a
short time ago carelessly wandering only a short time ago carelessly wantering only a

short time ago carelessly wandering only a short time ago carelessly wandering only a sew miles north of langor.

The radiocal now will transport the traveler in a few mons to the edge of the lates thinker lands, where herds of deer abidg and it is not at all unenum in within hearing distance of a railroad slation. To find these finded animals. The interior of the fore it is reached by a delightal ride over country roads in an old buckboard, Inhalting on route the pine and sprace-laden annosphere of this health-giving region.

The intoose hunter, must necessarily expect that these unimals, however identified, are naturally of a retiring dispositio, and are naturally of a retiring dispositio, and are not to be found warding the sportsman at the station. A tramp, perhaps of a few miles, all the skill believes the hunter to exercise all the skill believes the hunter to exercise all the skill believes the further way the various portions of Maine's territory and territory and the countrible lade. Here the bed divided on the countrible lade. Here both deer and moose are found, while foxes and game blicks are purtured and policy in the counfortable Pullman cars from Boston, one can go through to Greenville, from where departure may be made for the great surrounding section. Following from the northerly end of Mousehend the west branch of the Penobsoot, the entire territory is infested with deer and moose in their wandering from Canada. Mit, Kutahdin, reached by water or land, is a delightful camping ground. The mountain is 5000 feet high, and in its thick forests mose entire wandering from Canada. Mit, Kutahdin, reached by water or land, is a delightful camping ground. The mountain is some eleck range. From here, by cance, it is some eleck range. From here, by cance, it is some eleck range. From here, by cance, it is some eleck range. From here, by cance, it is some eleck range. From here, by cance, it is some eleck range. From here, by cance, it is some eleck range. From here, by cance, it is some eleck range. From

from here by means of Norcross and Stacyville.

The newest section of Maine's sporting
grounds is that portion reaction by the
Washington County Railrond. It's a dense
wilderness of vast size, and as yet never penetrated except by lumbermen and struggling
sportsmen.

In portions of New Hampshire and Vermont good sport may be secured, and some
sportsmen prefer the wild fracts of New
Hinnawkek and Nova Seotia.

In order to get a detailed description of the
bunting region, send at 60 description of the
then in the second status of the
General Passenger Department, Hoston &
Maine Railroad, Boston, for their illustrated
booklet, "Fishing and Hunting," Accompanying will be mailed a booklet of the
candensed Fish and Game Laws of all Northern New England and Canada.

Lakewood's Opening.

The season at Lakewood, beginning graduality after October 1st, is in full swing a month inter and extends to the first of June. Situated in the pine belt of New Jersey, Lakewood is noted for the warm and healthful another for the warm and healthful another of the wood with renders its autumn and winter climate so delightful. Although alone of the woods witch renders its autumn and winter climate so delightful. Although alone miles from the ocean the climate limituence of the Gulf Stream is rendily discornable, and in uniform straint of beech sind whiteh underlies the soil affords a perfect drawn for the surface water so that destropess is lever to be encountered. The character of the soil alone was the total the most popular of the many out door recreations. The principal driveway kirds the binks of Lake Carasuljo. A line of beautiful vilius communis one stide of the lake while on heather the forces to supreme, and throughout be entire drive one catches glumpses of enchanting stretches of water between the place. The factions Carledon Drive is a narrow path furnished the shelme of the dutid wood. The drive one catches glumpses of enchanting tretches of water between the place. The factions Carledon Drive is a narrow path furnished the shelme of the dutid wood. The drive one catches glumpses of enchanting tretches wood within easy nearly fines from the Metropolis is no most of the decream requisite insualollon against the Woll dum a requisite insualollon against the Woll dum a requisite insualollon against the Woll dum a requisite insualollon habot by the Courtal Account recently published by the Courtal wood of New Jersey (ventral, 18 Liberty Street, New York Villy.

EDWARD P. CHAMPLIN, 10-15-8w Clerk.

Probate Court of the Town of New Shoreham, R. I., Oct. 8, 1902.

Beaste et Cales W. Deege.

GEORGE W. CONLEY, Adurinstrator with the will amexed, on the retute of Cales to Cales to the state of Cales and the season of the state of Cales and the season of the season of the state of said deceased, for allowance; and the syn of November 1804, it is ordered to the let day of November 1804, it is ordered that notice thereof be published for lower than 1804 New Moreham, for conditeration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, somes week, in the Nou-port Mercury.

EDWARD P. CHAMPLIN,

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

AN ORDINANCE

in amendment of "An Ordinance gran ing to the Newport and Bristol 'erry Railway Company per-mission to locate railway tracks to be used with cars in certain streets in the City of Newport," passed November 14, 1902, and of the Ordinances in amendment thereof.

It is ordained by the City Council of the City of Newportus follows:

difficted by the City Council of the City of Newportas follows:

Section I. In addition to the locations heretofore granted, permission is hereby granted to the Newport and Providence Railway Company to locate, place and maintain a "left hand cross over" so-called, with aprinable switches, mater and frogs to connect its tracks on Broadway at or near the One Mile Corner, with the bracks of the Newport and Fall River Street Railway Company on said Broadway.

Section 2. Said railroad is also hereby granted the right to maintain and operate its cars to be used with an electric system of motive power over the said cross-over and over the said tracks of sail Newport and Fall River Sirect Railway Company along all Broadway to and over the present cross-over of said railroad on Broadway near the foot of Bull sirect under an agreement with the said point all the said company and position of said Companie going way in the said company of the said company to the said company of the control of the said point near the foot of Hull street and the said point near the foot of Hull street and position of said Companies going way may use the Westerly track of all Newport and Providence Railway Company, between the said point near the foot of Hull street and the said point near the foot of Hull street and that all cars of both Companies going North on said Broadway may use the Easterly track of said Newport and Fall River Street Railway Conpany between said respective cross-overs.

Section 5. Said Railroad is hereby authorized to erect and maintain under the direction of the Joint Standing Committee on Streets and Highways, of the City Council, such poles, wires, and other appliances to be used in connection with its electric system of motive power, necessary or convenient for the evertice of the right herein granted.

Fine Railray Company behave and said and enjoyed, subject to ult the conditionant and requirements uniter which said tearing move has the right to use the streets of the City, by virtue of the haws of the State, an

diately,
[Pussed October 4, 1994.]
A true copy --Witness:
DAVID STEVENS,
City Clerk.

THE CITY OF NEW ORT.

AN ORDINANCE

In amendment of "An Ordinance granting to the Newport Horse Raliroad Company permission to locate tracks to be used with passenger

cars in certain streets in the City o' Newport," and of the Ordinances in amendment thereof. It is ordained by the City Council of the City
of Newport, as follows:

In amendment thereof.

It is ordained by the City Chancil of the City of Newport, as follows:

Section 1. In addition to the locations theretofore granted, permission is hereby granted to the Newport and Fall River Street Railway Company to locate, place and maintain a "right hund cross-over," so-called, with suitable switches, mates and frogs to connect its tracks on: Broadway at or near the One Mile Corner, with the tracks of the Newport and Providence Railway Company on said Broadway.

Section 2. Said railroad is also hereby granted the right to maintain and operate its cars to be used with an electric system of motive power over the said cross-over and over the said tracks of said Newport and Providence Railway Company, eart the foot of Bull street, under an agreement with the said Reveybort und Providence Railway Company, eart the foot of Bull street, under an agreement with the said Reveybort und Providence Railway Company, eart the foot of Bull street, under an agreement with the said Newport und Providence Railway Company, but the existing rights and learning the existing rights and learning the existing rights and learning panies going south own the said way company, and the westerly track of said Newport and Paul River of said Newport and Paul River of said Newport and Fall River Street Railway Company, between said respective cross-overs.

Nection 3. Said Railroad is hereby authorized o erect and maintain under the direction of the Joint Standing Committee-on Steets and Highways, of the City Conneil, such poles, wire, and other appliances to be used in coancepton with its electric system of motive pawer, necessary or convenient for the exercise of the rights herein granted.

Nection 3. The rights herein granted.

Nection 4. The exact location of the said cross-overs on the said location mow on file in the City Clerk's Office of the said Cross-overs on the said stream promised of the said cross-overs on the said stream promise of the said continues and the said sendence of the City Conneil, sach power

the ordinances of the c Section 5. This ordin immediately. (Passed Oct diately.
(Passed October 4, 1000)
A true copy—Witness:
DAVID STEVENS,
City Clerk

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROV. IDENCE PLANTATIONS

IDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Newport, Sc.

APPELLATE DIVISION OF
THE SUPPRIE OF THE CAPER OF THE APPELLATE DIVISION OF
THE SUPPRIE COURT,
Newport, October 4, A. D. 1904.

WHEREAS, John G. De Souza, of the City
of Newport, in the County and State
aforesaid lass filed his petition in said office
praying for a divorce from the bond of n arriage flow existing between said John G. de
Souza and Murie Amelia Souza, now in parts
to the said John G. de Souza, unknown; notice is therefore hereby given to the said
Marie Amelia Souza to appear, if she said
see fit at The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, to be holden at the Court House
in said Newport, within the said County of
May, A. D. 1905, then and there to respond to
said petition.

CH (RLES E. HARVEY,
19-46W Clerk,

CARR'S LIST.

BY THOLLEY THROUGH EASTERN NEW ENGLAND, By R. H. Derrah BRED 'N THE BONE, THE CANTAWAY.

By T. N. Page. THE CANTAWAY, By H. E. RIVES.
THE FOOLISH DICTIONARY,
By Gideon Wordz.

DOROTHEA,
BRAVE HEARTS,
OLIVE LATHEM,
DIVER ATHEM,
DIVER ATHEM, THE QUEEN'S QUAIR,

By Maurice Hewlett.

Daily News Building. Telephone 633.

Machinist George E. Pearson was

taken suddenly ill while at work on steam yacht Ventura, of Providence, at the Newport shippard. He was removed to his home and medical aid summoned. He is reported to be as comfortable as could be expected.

Colonet and Mrs. John Rogers have returned from a visit to Salem, Mass.

: heriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVI-DENCE PLANTATIONS.

Newport, Sc.

Newport, July 14th, A. D. 1904.

IN VI TUE and in pursuance of an Execution, Number 28il, Issued out of the District Count of the First Judicial District On the District Count of the First Judicial District On the Prist Judicial District Count of the First Judicial District On the First District On t

above mentioned plan.

AND
Notice is hereby given that I will sell the said stisched and tevied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in the Sheriff's Ome, in said County of Newport on the 17th day of October A. D. 1904, at 12 o'cleck moos, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, contsof suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient Music Market on the same, contsof suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient Music Musi

Poll Tax Notice!

ALL VOTERS who have not been assessed have been assessed at tax on either rend or personal estate have been assessed a Polt tax of \$1, and are hereby notified to call at the office (or send by midl) and pay the same during the month of October.

The office is open daily from 10:30 A. M. to 1:00 P. fl., and on Saturday Evenings in October from 7 to 9 o'clock.

October from 7 to 9 o'clock.

Chapter 838, Sec. I of 1890, and Chap. 47, Sec. U of 1896, provide as follows:

If any person against whom a fax is assessed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall neglect or refuse to pay the same for librity days after the same for the collector of taxes shall demand the same of such persons with twenty-five cents for the cost of such persons with twenty-five cents for the cost of such demand; and if any such person upon whom demand is made as aforessaid shall neglect or refuse to pay such tax, together with the cost of making such demand, within five days after the date of such demand, then the collector of taxes, shall, unless said tax has been remitted as is hereinhelore provided, key upon the hody of such person and commit him to jail in the county of Providence, there to remain until he shall pay such tax and all legal costs, including cost of making the demand as aforessaid, or be discharged therefrom in the course of law.

The Supreme Court of the State has recently rendered an opinion sustaining this

cently rendered an opinion sustaining this luw in every particular.

H. W. COZZENS, Collector of Tuxes, Room 10, City Hall. Newport, R. I., Sept. 16, 1903-9-17-6w

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

EXECUTORS! NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby give notice that by the will of their mother, SARAH R. HAZARD, Widow, late of Middletown, R. J., deceased, they are appointed Joint Executors thereof, that they have given hond to the Caut of Probate of said Middletown, where said will has been proved and administration of the court of Probate of said Middletown, where said will have been proved and administration of said Sarah R. Hazard are bereby notice of the Cierk of said Court, with a same of the Office of the Cierk of said Court, with a same of the Office of the Cierk of said Court, with a same of the Office of the Cierk of said Court, with the Administration. La NIEL I. I. Exp. Middletown, R. L., Sept. 4, 1904—1924

Court of Probute, Middletown, R. L., September B. A. D. 1901.

EDWARD NEWTON BLISS presents to this Court is a petition, in writing, representing that he is a minor above the age of four-leen years, and that he has chosen his mother, Martha C. Bliss, to be his Guardian, and praying this Court to approve of his said choice.

and proving this Court to approve of ms same ghodre.

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to the Court of Probate, to be held at the Town Hatt in said Middle flown, on Monday, the seventeenth day of Observation of State of St

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, Guardian of the entates of JUHN LAWTON, WILLIAM J. LAWTON AND RICHARD LAWTON, while it is of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estates to present them within alx months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to RICHARD J. LAWTON, Guardian.

Newport, R. I., October 1st, 1904-10-1-6w

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NOTICE.

CANVASS.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN of the City of Nowhort, will be in session as a Roard of Convessors at their Chamber in the City Hul, on

October 12th, 21st & 28th, 1904,

AT 8 O'CLOCK P. M.,

for the purpose of canyussing and correcting the WARD LISTS of Voters in the several Wards.

Witness my band, DAVID STEVENS, City Clerk.

Taffeta is most practical for the shore-where it is difficult to keep thin materials in good condition.